Chapter 6 - sections 1 4 8.

EDRAY METHODIST CHURCH - 1883

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This was a Northern Methodist Church until the Methodist Churches unbted. However, all denominations were welcomed here. It is located about one-fourth mile from the village of Edray on Route / 219.

Mr. E. D. King was the contractor and boarded at Mr. Samuel B. Moore's. John Hull was a carpenter under Mr. King. Messrs, James and George W. McCollum were the stone masons and built the foundation and chimney. Some of the members hauled lumber and some furnished lumber by way of paying their part. The church was paid for by subscription and a very substantial collection was received at the dedication. This was used to help pay for the church.

Rev. A. M. Chappell was the pastor at the time this church was built. The Hemlin Chapel and Edray Church have always been served by the same pastor.

# Chapter 6 - asctions 1 & 2.

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When the Edray Church was built, the Hamlin Chapel congregation worshiped at this church for twenty-three years and abandoned the Hamlin Chapel for that length of time.

Mrs. Anna L. Price, wife of Dr. William T. Price wrote the words to a hymn that was sung at the dedication of the Edray Church. Mrs. Price was a poet and published two . . volumes of verses.

This church building is a large frame building with a seating capacity of five hundred. The church has always been too large for the congregation. However, the object in building such a large church was in order to have room for large gatherings such as protracted meetings, conventions, funerals, etc.

Thortly after the Edray church was completed, the County Teachers' Institute was held here for a number of years, or until after Earlinton had begun to develop and they were held there.

church and were the first members, were:

Mey. George P. Moore, who was licensed to preach in 1877.

ir. and ira. Samuel 3. Loore

ir. John Barlow

ir. Anderson Berlow

or. Dovis Berlow

ir. .. R. Gay

are. Josephine Linna

Henry Darlow

"illiam II. and Julia F. Sharp

Thomas auldridge

Josiah Barlow and family

Isanc Sharp and family

Rankin Foage

A. J. Smith and family

haron Hoore who lived a mile below marlinton.

George K. Gay und wife.

Junes huldridge and family, who came from Red Lick about four miles from Edray. They walked and were present at every service of any kind that was held in the church.

The pastors who have served this congregation from 1776 to the present time, ore:

1876 - 1878 Rev. J. C. Wickline

1878 - 1879 A. W. Richardson

1879 - 1880 Geo. P. Moore

1880 - 1882 D. C. Hedrick

1882 - 1883 J. C. Wickline

1883 - 1885 A. M. Chappell

1885 - 1886 George Spencer

1887 - 1888 R. H. Clark

1889 - 1894 S. C. Morgan

1894 - 1899 " W. A. Sharp

1899 - 1991 M. W. Atkinson 1901 - 1904 "

a. M. Crabtree

1904 - 1905 Rev. C. M. Keff

1905 - 1909 " George T. Marston

1909 - 1913 " Ira F. Rickett

1913 - 1916 " H. A. Coffman

1916 - 1920 " H. E. R. IIISEY

1920 - 1923 " C. A. Poners

1923 - 1929 " N. S. Hill

1929 - 1933 " T. H. Taylor

1933 - 1936 " D. R. Carder.

1936 - 1938 " D. J. Conbs

1938 - present Rev. R. H. Skaggs

The trustees at the time the church was bailt weres

Rev. Goo. P. Loore

Samuel 3. Moore

Wm. M. Jharp

Henry Burlow

Thomas auldridge

This church at the present time has about twenty-five active members. They have preaching services the first and third Sundays of each month.

The trustees for 1940 & 1941 ere:

Asa C. Barlow

Collet way

Robert Gay

The stewards are:

mobert Guy

Frank Young

Ers. S. R. Loore

There has always been a Sunday School in this church. at the first it was closed during the most severe winter weather. The Sunday School is in session all the year round now. The enrollment is thirty. Lrs. arnett McNeil THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN is the Supt.

The Ladies of the church have a very active organization, the ladies' ...id Society. The officers are:

rresident -- Mrs. S. R. Moore

Treasurer -- ..rs. A. R. Gey

Secretary -- Lrs. Alsie Van Reenan

This organization helps to pay the pastor's salary. They also keep the parsonage repaired and help to keep the church in good condition. The parsonage and about four acres of land belong to the church. The personage with the land is valued at 3500.00. Both the church and parsonage are free of debt. The church also supplies the pastor with a rood cow.

In deptember, 1940 the parsonage caught on fire. all of the members of the household were sleeping soundly. Had it not been for the dog awakening the family, the consequences might have been were serious. As it was, most of the furniture on the first floor of the house was destroyed and the building use budly damaged/ The building was covered by

insurance and so that was taken care of but there was no insurance on the furniture. The fire caught in the radio.

The greatest loss was four or five very expensive stringed instruments. The Ladies' ...id gave a silver tea and with the receipts refurnished a part of the personage.

Last year the Ladies' Aid made eighty dollars and all of this was spent on the church and parsonage.

hr. Skaggs has nine churches on his charge. For his services to all of these churches, he receives one thousand dollars per year, use of the parsonage, cow and some land which he forms. Each church pays a definite part of the pastor's salary, proportioned according to the active membership of the respective churches.

The Ladies' Aid Societies of the other churches on this charge contribute to the upkeep of the personage.

Information:

Church records

Mrs. Adam Baxter

Mr. Anderson Barlow

Rev. R. H. Skaggs

17, 17, 1940

POCAHONTAS COUNTY

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Chapter 6 - Section 1
Minutes of the Session of the Oak Grove Church.
April 16, 1869.

Session of the Uak Grove Church met on this day, and opened with prayer by the Moderator M. D. Dunlap. Present S. H. Clark. R. G. Miller, Geo. B. Moffett, Matt Wallace. Heard the report of R. G. Miller, one of the committee appointed to visit J. H. M. Beard, and wallace Beard to know why they had absented themselves from church and been neglecting the ordinances of the same. reports that he saw Mr. J. H. M. Beard and he said the reason that he had been absent from church was that it was a long ways to come and that the roads were bad, his wife had a young child and he did not like to leave her slone, but that he was sorry and would like to have Er. Dunlap preach either at his house or at his father's house at suitable times so that they could attend preaching. Mr. Miller further states that Wallace Beard said that he did not enjoy Dr. Dunlap's preaching as well since the war as he did before, but did not think he had less enjoyment in the religious life he had enjoyed formerly, but that he would come to preaching when convenient. This report was received and adopted by the Session.

MATT WALLACE, CLK.

APF11 29, 1870.

Dession of tak Grove Church met this day, opened with prayer, nembers present it. J. Dunlap (Moderator), S. H. Clark, Geo. B. Loffett and Latt -allace. Deacons report due and unpaid our

stated supply M. D. Dunlap to the first day of april, 1870, \$330.54, collection for sustenance \$15.85, publications \$11.15,

Spiritual condition of the church is far from being such as we could desire, but still hope we are not retrograding, but upon the whole we are advancing slowly spiritually. Our prayer meeting tolerably well attended.

#### Oct. 18, 1870.

In reporting to the congregation on the spiritual condition of the church that whilst a few exhibited a good and christian zeal and take a deep interest in the cause of religion, yet it is a sad reflection that many are cold to lukewarm. Jan. 21, 1871.

Session of Oak Grove Church met this day. Members present: M. D. Dunlap, Moderator, S. H. Clark, G? B? Moffett and Mathew Mallace.

lst. Deacons report. Due and unpaid stated supply,
M. D. Dunlap from 1st of Jenuary, 1867 to Dec. 31, 1870, \$376.75
Deacons also report that there was raised for education 10.25
Due the sexton services rendered for year, 1870 5.50

The Committee for sustenance for Greenbrier Presbytery recommends a plan for the purpose of raising money for siding our feeble churches and more fully occupying our destitute territories. The session of the church recommended the following plan to the members of this church and those who are willing to aid us. That the head of each family make out an account for what the head of each family and each member thereof a willing to give for the object of sustenance and give said

account to the deacons with the money or with the understanding that the money is to be paid before this, the 1st day of March, next. The session reports that so fer as the spiritual condition of the church is concerned that it is about as it has been, but by no means as healthy as it ought to be.

S. H. CLARK, Clk.

Session of Oak Grove Church met Sept. 2, 1871, members present, Josiah Beard, R. G. Miller, Geo. B. Moffett, M. D. Dunlap, Mathew Wallace. Josiah Beard was chosen Moderator. Session was opened with prayer.

The session at a previous meeting appointed this meeting for the purpose of giving the Rev. M. D. Dunlap an opportunity for making explanation (st his request) as to certain
objections made against him as a minister of the gospel.

lst. That on the 5th day of August, 1869, the Rev. M. D. Dunlap did preach a sermon which was objected to by Col. Paul McNeel and WM. L. Beard, on the grounds that the first part of the sermon was what was to become of those who rebelled against the Civil government of man, and that it was too political.

2nd. That the Rev. M. D. Dunlap is charged by public rumor with having taken the iron clad test oath since the war, for the purpose of obtaining pay for property taken by Federal government during the war, and that he introduced his colored man as a witness contrary to the laws of Virginia.

3rd. That in a conversation with Col. P. McNeel and Wm.

L. Beard, Esq., each separately, they inquired of Rev. M. D. Dunlap if he would not have to take the test oath in order to get pay for his property. His answer was that he did not intend to take the oath, that Judge Harrison was to attend to it for him and that he had some underground mode by which he could do it.

At this state of the proceedings Dr. M. Wallace was called away and Dr. G. B. Moffett was made Clerk in his place.

4th. Paper marked "A" and handed in by W. W. Beard, read and ordered to be copied as follows:

That Rev. M. D. Dunlap is applying for pay for his property, had led me to suspect in order to get pay, he must either take the test oath, or imply a third person to misrepresent him to the government, which would not only inflict a great wrong on the government, byt also on his church.

Paper marked " B" and accepted and ordered to be copied.
Sept 1, 1871.

Session of Oak Grove Church:

Sometime ago Col. Miller called on me and asked my reasons for not attending church. I gave him a part of them and at the request of M. D. Dunlap, I will give him all my reasons for not supporting him as a minister of the gospel in our church. About the time he had made application to the U. S. Government for pay for his horses and cattle, he made some remarks, after a sermon he had preached, about the loss of our negroes that led me to believe that he thought the south had been wrong and the north right in the war, this led me to the suspicion

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that he was seeking favor with the U. S. Government, in order to get pay for his lost property; for up to that time, he had certainly been a strong soughern man, or at least pretended to be, and how could he obtain compensation from that government without relinquishing his former principles, unless he could get a third person to act in his place and misrepresent his true position during the war, which would be inflicting a great wrong, not only on the U. S. Government, but also on the church which he represents.

Yours &c.

J. H. M. Beard.

Paper "C" ordered to be recorded.

Levels, August 29, 1871.

I being invited to attend a meeting to be held at Oak Grove Church, on the 2nd day of next month, I am not able to attend said meeting. I have no charges to make against the Rev. M. D. Dunlap, but I think for the interest of the church it would be better for Mr. Dunlap to cease being its pastor.

NANNIE BEARD.

OBJECTION 1 & Answer.

The session after hearing the objections against Rev.

L. D. Dunlap sermon preached August 8th, 1869 and after hearing it read, fully concurred in the opinion that there was nothing written in that sermon referring to earthly government or political.

2nd.

The session are unanimously of the opinion, after having compared the test oath with the oath taken by Rev. H. D. Dunlap, for obtaining pay for his property from the U. S. Government, that he did not take the test oath, and that the oath he did take marked "D" should be spread upon the record. With reference to the charge against Rev. M. D. Dunlap for introducing the testimony of his negro man for obtaining pay, the session failed to agree.

Permission was asked and granted to Rev. M. D. Dunlap for explaining his reasons for taking the oath he did take and a majority of the session were in favor of austaining him.

3rd.

The session lastly took up the charges against the Rev. I. D. Dunlap for his remarks to Col. P. McNeel and Wm. T. Beard, that Judge Harrison would put through his claim by an underground mode. Col. McHeel and JM. T. Beard asserting that he did tell them so, and he, hr. Dunlap declaring that he and no recollection of ever having made such a remark and had no intention of practicing fraud against the Government of the United States, as he thinks is shown by the papers. session having full faith in the statements of each party, declined to give a decision.

4th.

written objections from u. W. Beard, J. H. M. Beard and Sunnie Seard referred to the session and as previous sets of the session avened to cover these charges, the session took

no further action.

Paper "D" .

State of West Virginia, County of Pocahontas,

I, Mitchel D. Dunlap, solemly swear that I believe my age to be fifty-seven years, that I have been a citizen or the county and state aforesaid and state of Virginia for many years, that I was at the date of my claim herein set forth, originated and ever since have been a loyal citizen of the United States. Furthermore, I, the said M. D. Dunlap, do solemly swear that I will support, protect and defend the government of the United States against all enemies both foreign and domestic, that I will bear true faith, allegiance and loyalty to said constitution and government, that I will faithfully support and abide by all acts of Congress past and all proclamations of the President made during the rebellion relative to slaves, so long and so rar as not modified or held void by Congress, or by decision or the Supreme Court of the United States; that I will faithfully perform all duties required of me by law, and further that I do this with full purpose, pledge and promise, without any mental reservations or evasion whatever, So help me God.

M. D. DUNLAP (SEAL)

day of april, 1866.

Londall annulment, J. P.

as to the latter part of objection and, Nev. L. D. Dunlap

#### POCAHONTAS COUNTY

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proved before the session that he did not use a colored man's testimony in any court in Virginia, but only took his affidavit in Virginia to be used in his suit in Washington City where he had been informed by legal gentlemen that colored testimony was lawful.

The foregoing proceedings as recorded in this Book are to show to Presbytery the spiritual condition of the church.

Session closed with prayer.

Geo. B. Moffett, CLK. Pro.Tem

## POCAHONTAS COUNTY

Chapter 6 - Section 1 - & & b

OAK GROVE PRESETTERIAN CHURCH

Hillsboro, W. Va.

(The Pioneer Church)

The first Presbyterian Church ever organized within the present limits of the county was that known as the Oak Grove Church in the Little Levels. It is recorded in the Session book of 1830 that a church was in existence thirty or forty years before that period, on the same location occupied by the brick church built in 1828. The kev. or. William bill of Winchester on a visit to this vicinity in 1793 organized this church with a few members -- the last Elder of which was william Poage, who died april 7, 1838. The early records of the church were lost and no one remembers when it was built. A substantial brick structure in which this sect worshipped for many years was later built southeast of Hillsboro, where the cemetery is still kept up. ..ftcr the organization of this church in 1793, for many years there was no stated preaching, but being visited at irregular periods it nevertheless grew in numbers and influence. Relatives of some of the Cak Grove people came over from old Augusta church with their pastor, Rev. william wilson to a revivel meeting then in progress.

us the information that religious services were conducted in the homes of the Pouges within the confines of the

church. Milliam roage, Senior, was a Presbyterian Muling Elder and virtually the founder of The Oak Grove Church. Some of the first meetings conducted by Presbyterian ministers in this region were at his home, or the homes of his sons who were also elders.

Before proceeding with the history of the reorganization of The Oak Grove whurch we will go back into the years preceding that event and do homage to the fine heroes who worked and wrought so mightily against such fearful odds, in the spread of the gospel and which gradually led up to the christian privileges and comforts we enjoy today.

To a large extent the Presbyterian element are the Scotch and Scotch-Irish who occupied this region at an early day. This settlement in the Valley of Virginia took place about the year 1740 and at intervals thereafter. In a few years following the more inviting portions of Pocahontas, Lonroe, Preenbrier and Kanawha Counties were occupied by a goodly number of families. In a sketch from the pen of Rev. Senes H. Leps, he refers to these pioneers in the following words: "They were a sturdy race, inured to hard-ship and accustomed to starvation. The dangers and trying energencies of frontier life, at that period developed strong elements of character and a goodly degree of intellectual vigor. Educational advantages were extremely limited, yet they placed the highest value on them - being descendants of the founders of colleges and other institutes of learning

# POCAHUNTAS COUNTY

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wherever they went. Imbued with the doctrines that won the Reformation, they relied upon them in their new environment as the "warp and woof" of religious instruction and spiritual life".

Rev. John Graig, D. D. was one of the most prominent m ministers in the early history of our church. He had the most influence upon the immediate ancestors of these persons who planted Presbyterianism in the counties of Pocahontas, Greenbrier, Lonroe and Lanawha. Our ancestors embalmed his mane in their hearts with their "praises and tears".

Dr. Craig was master of Arts by graduation from the University of Edinburg. He was guided by a dream in Ireland to his place of service in the wilds of the Virginia Valley. For twenty-five years he was pastor of the old Augusta church, walking five miles to Sunday morning service at 10 A.M. where the remainder of the day was spent in worship, closing at sundown -- after which some of the people rode ten or twelve miles to their homes. This was in 1754. The people were so terrified over Indian incursions that they sought safety in flight, but Dr. Craig told them, "That would be a scandal to our nation, falling below our brave ancestors, making ourselves a reproach among Virginians, a dishonor to our friends at home, an evidence of cowardice, want of faith and noble christian dependence on God as able to save and deliver from the heathen; and withal a lasting blot forever on our pos-"s advised the building of forts and the people

required him to lead the work which he cheerfully did though it cost him one-third of his estate. In less than two months his congregation was well fortified. His was a mind of keen intelligence, a heart full of generous sentiments and a soul of unswerving courage as exemplefied in his walking along his perilous road carrying his Bible, Psalm Book and rifle.

In addition to the Scotch-Irish emigrants there has also been such a proportion of English, Irish and German families as to form a respectable and influential element of the Presbyterian population. The pioneers date their settlements from 1793 to 1796. Not long after ministers paid them visits. Ben Edward Crawford from the South Branch of the Potomac is believed to have been the first to conduct services in this Section, now included in the counties of Greenbrier, Monroe and Pocahontas. The name of Frazier Reed and others linger in tradition, but nothing is definitely known of them.

Many noble, distinguished, and heroic men were members of Greenbrier Presbytery, who served in its courts and went out over the land to implant the seeds of righteousness and truth. As we glance at these names it is true that they would be called remarkable men anywhere. For an example we will quote the story of hev. John McCue. Thomas Jefferson used his influence to have him devote his talents of splendid promise to the profession of law and withdraw from the ministry. Dr. Stuart

prominent pulpit orator of the Presbyterian Church. Dr.
Henry Ruffner had a national reputation as a peer, as one of
the most eminent ministers of the day. It was to Dr. Robinson's consecrated genius that this church owes much of its
fidelity to truth. All of these worthy men combined teaching with preaching. Dr. John McElhenny in his service or
sixty-three years, and next to him in influence Dr. James
Brown in his work of forty years, Dr. Samuel R. Houston in his
service of forty-three years, Rev. Joseph Brown, ten years,
and Rev. M. D. Dunlap's forty-three years have made a wonderful contribution to the good of humanity by their long
unresitting labors.

Hay 20, 1783, Rev. John McCue preached his ordination serson at old wonnouth Church, at "exington, Virginia. "r. Moses Moge preached the serson, Mr. Wesses McConnell to preside, and Mr. "dward Grawford, the charge. It was this historic wastest visit when the church at wewisburg and Union were organized and Mr. McCue installed as their pastor. He was probably the first to administer the scaling ordinances of "The Binks" in Monroe, "The Levels" of Pocahontas, the "Head of "reembrier" and "Tygarta Valley". From "The Sinks" to "Tygarta Valley" was a journey of one hundred miles with Greenbrier siver to cross as well as Cheat Mountain. His Destoral labora continued over nine years, terminating Sept. 20, 1761. His successor was Nev. Benjamin Grisby, who po-

### POCAHONTAS COUNTY

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sessed charming social qualities and performed a high degree of service.

Taken from the Records of the Oak Crove Church by:

Miss Minnie Wallace

Miss Maggie Ruckman

Mr. M. J. McNeel

West Virginia Westure Project

MESIA ROW IDENTIFICATION REPORT Dechenter

Subject Chapter 6 - Section 1

Date December 12, 1940

Research Worker .. olle Y. Loboughlin

Date Research Taken -ec. 6,9, 10

Typist "elle ". Ac"aughlin

Date Typed Dec. 11, 1940

Source -r. f. S. McNeel (below) Date Filed

I have gathered this information from many people? , No one knew a great deal. The following gave me information:
Liss Dice omith, Lrs. Sec. Clendenen, Nev. L. S. Shires,
Lr. James Jordan, Mrs. Rella seager, Mrs. James Mafshall,
all of Millsboro and Mr. T. S. McNeel of Marlinton.

The charan were: ----

John LeWeel

Martha McNeel

James Lewis

debecce Lewis

Alexander Waddell & Wife

Charles Minnison

Jacob Minhison

Mrs. Jones Brinnell

John Switzer & wife

Michard Mill

Maney Hill

Abraham , olded & wife

Some years after John Loneel and the Minnison Brothers came to the Little -evels, they built a small log cabin as

Chapter 6- Section 1

There is very little known about the little white Pole Church, but it is said that Bishop asbury, the great apostle of Methodism, was the first minister who visited the Little Levels, and that as early as 1789 he preached in the little "white Pole Church", erected by John McMeel. The tradition is doubtless true, for it is substantiated by general records of the church.

It appears that the first organization was perfected here in the year of 1789 and at the time the members composing the church were:

John Lolleel

Martha McNeel

James Lewis

Rebecca Lewis

Alexander Waddell & wife

Charles Kinnison

Jacob Himnison

Mrs. James Brinnell

John Switzer & wife

kichard Hill

Manoy Hill

Abraham ! cNeel & wife

Some years after John Loneel and the Minnison Brothers came to the Little wevels, they built a smell log cabin as

a place of worship. This cabin was called the White Pole Church and in all probability was the first church crected west of the Allegheny Mountains. It was built of very small logs and the logs were peeled which gave the church the appearance of being built of white poles and so, the name "White Pole".

This church was located in a part of what is now the McNeel Graveyard, situated on a hill overlooking the ancestral home, and on the farm now belonging to Dr. John McNeel. This land has been in the posession of a John McNeel ever since 1765.

This Gemetery was started when Martha McNeel, wife of John McNeel, dug the grave and buried her child, perhaps with the aid of a negro servant, while John McNeel was at the battle of Point Pleasant in the year 1774. John McNeel died in 1825 at the age of eighty years, and was buried in the McNeel Graveyard. The grave is marked by a sandstone carved from the native hills and engraved by John Bruffey, a neighbor.

The White Pole Methodist Episcopal Church, after some years, became too small and too inaccessible and the Methodist Church was moved into the town of Hillsboro.

Information: Hardesty's Encyclopedia

Ers. Hella F. Yeager

T. T. S. McNeel

Church, I have been able to see the original deed to the land upon which this church was built. This deed is recorded in Bath County, Virginia but Mr. T. S. McNeel has the original. The following is a part of the deed.

Deed: 10th april, 1799. Between John Mckesl & warthe his wife of the County of Bath, State of Virginia of the one part and Thos. Scott, Jno. Pinnell, Richard Hill, Griffith Lyans, Jacob Kinnison, .lex "addell, "illiam Waddell, James Lewis and Jonathan McNeel, Trustees, in trust for the use and purpose hereinafter mentioned and declared. ...ll the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand whatscever, either in law or equity which he the said John McMoel & Martha his wife both in, to, or upon all a singular a certain lot or piece of ground situate, lying and being in the County of Bath & State aforesaid and conteining one acre of land together with the Labring House, known by the 10 m of Mount Table, woods, nuterways, privileges and appartengaces thereto belonging or in any way apportaining: so have and to hold, in trust that they shall erect and build of cause to be erested and built thereon a Louse or place of -orahip for the use of the members of the Lethodist ... iscopal Church.

John Melleel

which saids and interest in the presence of up -

Mr. T. S. McMool tells me that the real name of the white Pole Church was wount Taber as you can see by the deed.

However it has always been known by the name "white Pole Church". This church or meeting house was built some time before the deed was made and was now too small for the number who worshiped there. The people were contemplating a new church and so John and wartha McWeel gave the land as a location for a new Methodist spisyopal whurch. The location was very inaccessible and when John Jordan, son-in-law- of John mcWeel, offered some land in a better location for the church this was decided upon as the site for the new church. All denominations worshiped at the white Pole Church. It was more of a Meeting House but this was the beginning of the Methodist organization in the Millsboro Community and the first in Pocahontas County.

land for the church. This land was located about two miles east of Millsboro on the old road leading to Denmar. The exact date that this church was used is not known but the deed recorded in the Clerk's office shows: Jan. \_\_\_\_\_ 1830 - From John Jordan and Miriam Jordan to Milliam Edmiston, Andrew Almiston, John Crimes, Richard Mill, Mark Minnison, Abraham Mill, Mathaniel Minnison, Trustees for Methodist Episcopal Church, one more of land with houses that are built thereon, woods, materways and privileges, in trust with the house that is built thereon for the purpose of Divine worship for the use and mathanian of the methodist Episcopal Church, we coming to

the rules and discipline which from time to time may be egreed upon and adopted by the ministers and preachers of the said church or by the annual Conference.

Lo according to this deed this church must have been in use about 1830. From the way the deed reads it sounds as though the building which was used for a church was already on the land, but Ar. McMeel sayd that there was a building built for a church in which to worship. This church burned and is now known by everyone as the "Old Burned Church".

he gave the land for the Old Burned Church, is eighty-three years old. He told me that a man named John Casebolt, who had a little store on Locust Creek, went to this church. It seems that he had some kind of a disagreement with some members of the congregation. He gave a negro man a fur hat to turn the church. Casebolt disappeared very suddenly and naver returned to this community. In. Jordan assured me that this was a fact.

remember was a circuit rider named new. Mixon. "e come on foot and salked and prenched all through location and anticiph counties. He has very small at that time, hr. Jordan doesn't remember exactly how he was paid but thought parhaps they have him a very small sum of money.

the mest shareh built by this organization was located as the ball edjoining the personage lot in the team of mills-

was a frame builling. The land upon which this church was built was given by Nathaniel Kinnison.

The deed: Jan 15, 1853 from Mathemiel Minnison to
Israel I. Jallion, Michard Mill, James Edmiston, Geo. ...
Ariss, Thomas Morrison, Lb. Whiting, J. M. Muckman, G. Auldridge, and C. .. Muckman, Ars. - one agre near the village of
Hillsboro adjoining parsonage lot belonging to the M. E.
Church, to creet a place of worship for the use of members
of the Lethodist Episcopel Church.

This church, Wesley Chapel, situated on the hill beside the pursonage was used for many years. But toward the end of nineteenth century the congregation began to look for a location upon which they might build a larger, more modern building.

among the members who worshiped at these first churches were:

william Burgess
william and Mancy Minnison
James and Mebacoa Lewis
James and Mebacoa Lewis
James and Jusan Auldridge
Abraham Mill
John Grimes
Eark Minnison
William Admisson
William Admisson
Comp 4 Durgesa
Jatty Durgesa
Jatty Durgesa

Joseph and Lattie Beard Joel and Rebecca Hill Thomas and Annie Hill George and Nancy Hill was hington and Margaret Hill John and Llizabeth Blair Richard and Lydia McHeel Capt. M. L. & Margaret Lelleel Jacob and Liriam McNeel Isaac and Mancy McNeel John S. and Mary S. Moore Jones and Llizabeth Burnside John L. and Lary J. Kinnison David C. and sebecca Minnison John and Cynthia Jordan James and Fannie Jordan James and Mancy Hultz George and Laura Curry David and Susan McCarty blis and wally hill McCarty Michard Hill and wife Surks Hill Josiah and Mancy Gallison on. H. Overholt and sire an. and Fannie walliagn where callings ploand exprisals

Pocahontus County

-8-

Lirs. Lilly Brown

James H. Weiford

Largaret Burnside Weiford

Deemie Burnside

Liriam Burnside

Warshall and Virginia Peyett

Information:

Miss Dice Smith
Mrs George Clendenen
Rev. L. S. Shires
Mr. James Jordan
Mrs. Wella Yeager
Mrs. James Marshall
Mrs. J. McNeel

Chapter 6 - Section 1

pt. 1. ...

Description of the Liberty Church - Greenbank

for the Liberty Church or donated the use of his saw mill to the building committee for the purpose of sawing the lumber for the church. The services of Pavid Kerr were secured to construct the entire building. In that day in the history of the county, there were no planeing mills and all the work had to be done by hand. The members of the congregation and their neighbors, who were willing to donate labor to the church, here readily introduced to the jack plane. The famous white pine trees were abundant and the very best were obtained for this building. The church was built with a portico and high eclumns, like the colonial architecture of that day. The church is located in a large oak grove.

The outside dimensions of the church are 45x36 ft.
The fracing used is 4x8 in. studding, and lexic in. corner posts.
The overhead joists are 6x10 timbers haved full length. An essemblage of heavy timbers such as beams and king posts forms a rigid truss in the roof. All the frame work is mortised, tenoned and pinned with hard wood pins. Very few iron spikes were used in the frame work.

The outside appearance is on the Virginia Colonial style, with rour large colonial columns supporting the projecting roof. The cornice is massive, constructed or massive timbers.

The inside is erranged with the old time gollery

resting on one large beam the full width or the building.
This beam is eight inches thick and about twenty-four inches mide. The front rail of the gallery is panel work of boards twenty -four inches wide set between two supporting columns.

It was the custom to build these galleries for the slaves that attended church. At the present time, this one is used for sunday school classes.

The first pulpit in the church was about four steps high and paneled all around except the entrance. About forty-five years ago the old pulpit was torn down and a more molern pulpit was built by J. M. Brown. Just a few years ago the auditorium was replastered, and refloored with fine hardwood flooring. Four Sunday School rooms and basement have been erected adjoining the old building.

The old session house that was built when the church was first built was sold to Henry Kesier after the new bunday Johool rooms were built.

RITE.

· 1/190

about the year of 1894, the Ladies aid society of the shareh employed sobert J. Brown and mobert L. Brown to build the helfry. This old church has atood for a period of ninety years and is in a fine state of preservation. It has the appearance or standing another dectury or more.

The deed was made to a hourd of Trustees on August S4, 1969 by Jane Arboquet. Crustees: williem lightner, mobert

D. McGutcheon, David W. Merr, Paul McNeel, James Bruffey, George R. Merr, Jacob Bible, and their successors in orfice. The local description of the church lot was given as being on the Muntersville road adjoining the lands of David M. Maupin, and contained 1A. and 50 poles.

This lot was originally a part of a 400 A. survey granted to Jacob Gillispie by survey bearing date on June 12, 1780.

Information: R. W. Brown
Mr. George Hannah

June 11, 1940
Chapter 5 Section 1-8

### TIME DEVOTED TO RELIGION

The belief of the older people was that, "prayer and peotinde hindered no man," and so time was always found for prayer, as well as for breakfast and supper. The reading of the Bible, and a sesson of meditation and prayer before breakfast was a habit very characteristic of the Scotch-Irish and was something which was never omitted in so many of the pioneer homes.

Alexander Waddell of Scotch-Irish descent and one of the earliest settlers in the neighborhood of Marvin Chapel was a fervently pious person. It was his intense desire to live one hundred years, and he made his desire for longevity a matter of special prayer. He died at the age of one hundred and two years, thus proceiving a full measure and more. The history of his life shows he paid good attention to Bible reading where it is written in the thirty-fourth Psalm: What man is he that desireth life and loveth many days that he may see good? Keep thy tongue from evil and thy lips from speaking guils; separt from evil and do good; seek peace and pursue it." This Pasla was a great favorite with our pious pioneer people to give them commodation in their time of trouble and distress.

Joseph Hammah was a person of impressive personal appearance. His nemery was remarkably retentive, and his convergational powers something wonderful. He had committed

to memory, it is believed by some, the greater portion of the Bible for he could recite the Scriptures for hours at a time, having special reference for the historical narratives of the patriarchs and the wanderings of the Israelites and the Promised Land under Joshua. He saw in these historical narratives illustrations of the life now to be lived by Christian people. It was one of the greatest pleasures of his old age to repeat these narratives in the presence of his neighbors. Mr. Price says, "The last time I ever saw Mr, Hannah, we were spending the night at Sampson Ocheltree's in the winter of 1849 The two old men were in busy conversation until a late hour, and most of the talk was about the children of Israel and the deslings of God. The fire was getting low, the candle was about burned out, when Mother Ocheltree observed it was about time to get ready for bed. At this suggestion Mr. Hannah erose and in a very soft, solem tone repeated and then sang a hymn. He then knelt in prayer and poured out his full heart in humble, trusting prayer, in the tone and manner of a loving child to a kind and more loving father.

(Mr. Hannah lived on Elk and is the same Joseph Hannah who leaped the gully, a distance of 42 feet referred to in a previous report)

Mr. and Mrs. John Sharp, the pioneers, were pious, industrious people.Mrs. Sharp was quiet in all her ways, very diligent in her duties, and patiently met and endured the toils and inconveniences of living in the woods. Some of the first religious meetings ever held in the vicinity of Frost were at their home.

pavid Gibson of Sik was very industrious and handed down
to his children habits of thrift that brought them prosperity.

His children habits of thrift that brought them prosperity.

His confidences were sometimes abused and imposition practiced
His confidences were sometimes abused and imposition practiced
upon him, but that made no difference with his treatment of
others. For years his home was at the service of the preachers
and thus most of the preaching on Upper Bik was at his house.

Marys Chapel was named for his wife Mary Sharp Gibson.

It was a great undertaking to locate in the unbroken forest
and build up a home and rear the family these worthy family
people succeeded so well in doing. All such should be remember
ed and their services gratefully appreciated, and the story of
their lives told for the enstruction and encouragement of the
generations following. The righteous, the honest and industrious should be held in lasting remembrance.

Daniel Kerr of the upper part of the county was a sincerely pious person, and the close of his life was very touching. He had assembled his family for domestic worship.

Upon finishing the Suripture lesson he knelt for family prayer, and for a long interval he was silent. Upon going to h his in that position he was found to be speechless and helpless. Much of the time after this he appeared to take very little notice of what was going on, and seemed unable to recognise friends. One day there was a glean of intelligence and he uttered these words: Tarewell to all, " and then lapsed into silence and not long thereafter died so gently he had been dead some minutes before the fact was realized.

ă

John Webb is a character about whom it may be said, he was without father or mother as far as any biographical purpose can be served. His Irish brogue, his habit of saying not feelish things and never doing anything very wisely, tended to coborate what he always averred --- that he was of Irish nativity. He had the papers showing that he was an honorably discharged soldier of the Revolution, and as a pensioner received \$96. a year. How he ever came to Pocahontas is not known, but it is supposed that he came because of some persons from the county who served in the war when he did. Though he exposed his life for independence he never owned land and never married. Yet he wanted a home of his own, therefore received permission of William Moore, son of "Pennsylvania" John Moore, to use without rent as much land as he might want for a cabin, garden and truck patch. He built up a cozy cabin and opened up two or three acres where he produced corn, vegetables and poultry. On this he subsisted, with the assistance of his pension and such wages as he could earn in harvesting for the farmers on Knappas Creek.

In the later years of his life John Webb was very plously inclined and was deminstrative of his religious emotions. He was long remembered as the life of many "good meetings" at old Mount Zion. Frost and elsewhere. He would frequently have "the jerks" which was such a feature in the revival services so common at that time. As long as he lived he would always have a spasmodic jerk as he repeated the "amen," even when saking a blessing on his meals. This phenomenon that characterized the religious services of most of the denominations of a hundred years ago has been considered by mental

experts as one of the curiosities of the emotional faculty of the human race. Some of the people such as the American Indian have never so much as heard there is a Holy Ghost.

John Webb remained in his bachelor home until the was disabled by the infermities of advance age. Then it was that Martin Dilley took charge of the old veteran. He built a log cabin in the yard near his own home, and cared for him until the old soldier passed on He was buried in the Dilley Semetery.

William Edmiston and Samuel Davies Poage were congenial friends and attached Christian brethern though of different persuasions and rather strenuous in their respective doctrinal views. This indicated that their hearts were imbued with a pious fervor that got the better of their mere intellectual notions. They agreed to disagree, and not mar their Christain fellowship with vain rangling about their respective creeds. Mr. Eiriston's piety was of the highly emotional, demonstrativ type and for years his emotions seemed to be the first to kindle and burn with the holy fervor that makes religious services so interesting to many people. His Christian character was above reproach, and all regarded him as sincere. He was looked upon as a master Christian, and had it not been for the somewhat counteracting influence exerted by Nathaniel Earnison, a silent calm Israelite indeed in whom there was no guile, the impression might have been that no one could expect to be a model Christian without this seal and demonstrative farvor. Such might have been the impression, but when the characters of Mathaniel Etnnison and Davies Ponge were considered, the impression provailed that there were different ways

in which people could be warm hearted, genuine christians, and so there was mutual respect and genuine Christian fellowship. For many years Mr. Edmiston was a pillar in the M.E. Church, and the secret of his influence was his lovely christian deportment. Kinnison was also a pillar in the M.E. Church, but his piety was that developed in calm retreat, the silent shade, that seemed to him, by God's bounty, made for those who worshipGod--so suitable for personal prayer and praise to the unseen though ever present one.

A predominant trait in the character of Isaiah
Curry was his common sense view of profane language. His
remote ancesters were among the people that suffered for their
religious views in the north of Ireland, and came to America
seeking a place to worship unmolested by civil and religious
tyrsany. To start with, in his home training his father and
mother had him to notice that in the Ten Commandments cursing
and sweering were firbidden along with murder, licentiousness,
and theft. He could not bear the idea of being classed with th
the murder, the immoral and the dishonest in the sight of Him
who has the power over life and death, and who is to dispense
the final rewards and penalties. Hence his speech was pure,
and he deplored profamity in others.

About the year 1827, Robert Beale settled on Elk. A bed of tensy near the roadside marks the place where his house stoot. The house was built of hawn timbers and floored with plank saws with the whip saw by hand, and was considered an excellent building for that time. He was very energetic and

industrious, and while he owned slaves, he worked with his own hands as laboriously as the humblest. It was believed that he contracted his fatal illness at a log rolling. His wife was Mary Vance Poage, daughter of Major William Poage of Marlins Bottom. The Sabbath days were mostly spent in prayer meetings and Sunday school services with the families of David Gibson, David Hannah and Joseph Hannah their near neighbors, and for the most part held in his own home. Ministers of the gospel m made his home a place of preaching. Dr. John McElhenny, Revs. Kerr and William G. Campbell, pioneers of the Fresbyterians in his region, officiated at his residence and pleasant, profitable meetings were the result. He was sincerely and intelligently pious. His ideal of a home such as he desired was to have ample pastures with flocks of sheep and herds of cattle and horses, and to live removed from the extravagance and alluraments of society life, have books and papers, and to be on pleasant terms with kind and honest neighbors. His death occurred in 1833. On an eminence overlooking his home, where he frequently passed Sunday evenings, in summer, with his wife and little daughter Margaret Elizabeth (mother of Robert, James and George H. Moffett) his grave was made.

John Jordan, a tailor by trade, settled on Millstone
Hun between Hillsboro and Locust. He was one of the pricinal
ruling elders of the Oak Grove Church. His home was open to
Methodists and Presbyterians minesters without any apparent
discrimination, and for years was one of the main preaching prices for Methodist ministers. He donated the site of the
Methodist church near his residence. This church was destroyed

by fire before the Civil War. In its time, this was the most comfortable building of the kind in the county in possesion of that sect. He was buried near the ruins if the Millstone Run Church, as it was called. His grave seems to have been nicely cared for. A neately carved stone, the handiwork of the late John Bruffey, marks the place where a good man rests in pope. Mr. Jordan was a Presbyterian yet saw to the building of a church for the other sect.

Mr. Price writes: Samuel Davies Posge had been educated for the Presbyterian ministry, but declined he exercises of its duties through a morbid sense of unworthiness, unfitness for assuming duties so sacred and responsible as he regarded Ministerial vows demanded. He was a faithful helper in the prayer meetings led by his brother George Poage. While attending school taught by Rev. Joseph Brown at the Frick Church, I boarded in Mr. Poage's family. Ichave heard him in secret prayer in his private room long after midnight, such were his devotional habits. It mattered not how cold the might might be, he would spend hours in that room in secret devotions, and oftentimes he would come out with his features all radient with scastatic emotion.

William Ponge Sr. (father of Semuel D. Ponge) was a Freebyterian ruling elder, and virtually the founder of the Oak Grove Church. Some of the first meetings conducted by Freebyterian ministers in this region were at his house. When the pulpit would be vacant years at a time there would be religious meetings at his home or the homes of his sons. who were also ruling elders. Visiting friends from Kentucky

early history of Ky. so famous, and it broke out in the Little Levels in 1801. Parties in Augusta heard of it, and came over to see and hear what it all meant. The pastor of the Old Stone Church Rev. William Wilson, and fifteen or twenty of the young people of his congregation, came over together. They became imbued with the spirit of the moment and went back singing and praying as they went along. The effect upon the people of the valley as the rode up was overwhelming, and from that point—The Old Stone Church———the revival influence went all over th the state. So it appears that a great matter was kindled by a little watch fire that had been kindled in the old Poage homestead in the Little Levels.

James Rogers was a zealous and devoted adherent of the Methodist Protestant Church. He was one of the first members in the Buckeye community and probably one of the first in the county. His prayers and experience talks, experience meetings were very popular in early times, were interspread with allusions to the parables and quotations of the promises. Morning worship in his home was never omitted.

One of his expressions was an allusion to the grapes of Eschol as typical of the richness of the promised land. His idea was that God would give his humble peaying people here while on the pilgrimage a cluster now and then from the heavenly vine so as to refresh and encourage them to put forth their earnest, faithful efforts to go up and receive possession of the heavenly land.

While not a member of the church, William Moore's

walk and conversation exemplified all the visible traits of genuine Christian principle. In a religious meeting in the classian chapel some years before his decease, he was invited by the class leader, John R. Duffield, to testify what he thought of the Christian religion. William Moore arose in that solemn and dignified manner of which he was rather remarkable, and stated that he had been a praying person for fifty years, and had conscientiously tried to live with a conscience void of offense toward God and man and, moreover, it was his hearts desire hereafter to live in all good conscience toward the same.

Mr. Price Writes: The first cottage prayer meeting I remember was at the home of Abram Duffield, who came here soon after the Revolution, Early one Sabbath in May, my parents with their four small children came to the Duffield home to attend the meeting that had been announced. No one had yet arrived when we reached the place. Upon entering the porch, voices were heard within as if persons were engaged in reading or praying. AS we listened it was found that it was the venerable Abram Duffield reading to his invalid wife the account given by Saint Mathew of our Redeemers temptation in the wilderness. There seems to have been mutial rejoicing over the Redeemer's victory, and if the benefits of this victory had been for these two old people alone, their e tisfaction could not have been more real. When silence intervened, we knocked at the door and were told to come in. There were the two old people and no one else in the room. It has not long, homever, before quite a number assembled, and the prayer scoting was quite a spirited one.

W.W.Sutton writes in the Pocahontss Times dated July 29, 1937: I was not yet nine years old when the Rev. Wm. T. Price a Presbyterian minister came to our home on Deer Creek above Green Bank, and while mother prepared the dinner, I was left in the living room to keep company for the minister. Soon Mr. Price placed his head backward against the wall, closed his eyes and began to sing,"

" Saviorr more than life to me
I am clinging, clinging close to Thee;
Let Thy precious blood applied,
Keep me ever near Thy side."

He swelled a little on the chorus:

every day, every hour, let me feel Thy cleansing power.

May Thy tender love to me Bind me closer, closer Lord to Thee...

There was melody in the preachers voice and it was sweetly penetrating.

# OTHER HYMNS SUNG BY THE PIONEERS

The Gospel Ship is Sailing By
Bear Me Away on Your Snowy Wings
I Will Arise and go to Jesus
When I Can Read My Title Clear
Jesus Lover of My Soul
Sear My God to Thee
Abide With Me

To be deeply religious seems to have been one of the chief characteristics of the early Scotch-Irish who came to the county, and since the greater percent of the first settler in the county were these Scotch-Irish, most of the people here were religious. Old timers tell me that they would ride as far as ten miles to church, and they never thought of missing a Sunday if it was at all possible to get to church.

so I can remember when my parents thought it somewhat of a calamity to have to miss Sunday School and church. There were no cars in those days, but father would walk through the fields taking with him those of us old enough to walk the mile, and mother took the younger children and went horseback. Every one else in the community did the came. Now, 1940, they do not even have a Sunday School in this same community.

I too can remember when there was family prayer, but I have not been present at one for at least twenty years. Since I taught school for many years in different sections of the county and have had a chance to know something of the lives of the people, I think I am safe in saying that the morning an devening worship, once considered so important. almost if not entirely comitted from the lives of the people today. Though most ramilies still ask the blessing

\* From -- Mistory of Posshontas -- Nm. T. Price

# Told to me by-- Saul otone of Boyer and Said Tihes Tom bruffey of Lobeslia es My own comment

West Virginia Writers' Froject RESPARCH INDITIFICATION REPORT

rrom-urs. Annette Coyner and urs Louisa Coner. life long members of the church and daughters of John and Sellie deon the cuilt the first church.



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abjec

STATE



Junnits J. Dilley Pocahontas County March 12, 1941 Chapter 5 Religion

In 1880 a plan was inaugerated to build a church at clover Lick, and through the zealous efforts of Mrs. John Ligon it was so carried out that on Sunday August 21, 1882 we were able to consecrate a neet and comfortable building as ammanuel thurch. This church was on the Ligon farm and was about one mile from its present location.

for years there was no regular Rector, Clerge from different sections of the Diocese visited the church at regular intervals. Dr. I. H. Lacy from Lewisburg being the most frequent visitor. Bishop George Peterkin came once a year for confirmations.

by 1908 the lumber town of Clover Lick has been built and the county road was changed to come down by the town instead of going by the Ligon home as formerly. This left the church quite a distance from the road and a mile away from where the most of its members lived, so it was decided to move the church. Through an error of some sort, at the time of removal of the church the name was changed from Emmanuel to wrace.

ir. u. u. wordner of paltimore moved to the community in 1207 and being a member of the opiscopal church took an active part in the work and was Lay Leader from that time until his death in 1934. During the time ar. wordner was leader in the church, there was an excellent attendance at sunday school.

Aside from the Gardner femily, the members of this church has been the children of Dr. and Mrs. John Ligon, and their families. At the present time three of their daughters Mrs. Lotisa Coyner, Mrs. Annette Coyner and Mrs. Georgia King, are among the leading members of the church. Mrs. Gardner is one of the main financial supporters as well as a teacher.

they are very beautifully carved.

From-Mrs. Annette Coyner and Mrs. Louisa Coyner.

this church at Clover Lick and St. Johns Protestant Episcopal church at Marlinton are the only two Episcopal churches in the county, and they have only a small membership.

(This is confidential, but their complete refusal to cooperate with other denominations has been one of the chief reasons why the church here at Clover Lick has not grown as it should have. They let others attend their church, but they will not go to the Union Church here even for a funeral.)

# West Virginia Writers' Project RESEARCH IDENTIFICATION REPORT

Subject Pocahontas -ounty aistory	Pate
Mesearch Morkersusnita S. willey	Date Research Taken March 8, 1941
Typisteusnits o. Dilley	Date Typed March 12, 1941
Source This history of the Slaty Fork	2 /
ivan L. Sharp, a leading member	of the church.

Juanita 3. Dilley rocahontes County march 12, 1941 Chapter 6 seligion

#### ELATY MOTE METHODIST CHURCH

The members of this church use to worship in a small one room school building near the mouth of blaty Fork creek. This building was sold and a larger better school built near the Old Field fork of alk Kiver. When this building was also sold by the Board of aducation of adray District it was bid in by Ivan L. Sharp to be used as a place of worship. A deed was also made by the west Virginia Pulp and Paper Co. goving us a clear title to the land on which the building stood, to L. D. Sharp, Ivan L. Sharp, Jesse 2. Hannah, Goldie Gay Hannah, and Hubert Mannah, Trustees.

in 1931-32 this building was completely remodeled into one of the most up to date country churches in this section of the State. It had S. S. rooms that open into the main auditorium, it has a besement, a hot air furnace, electricity, and the seats or pews are considered more comfortable than those in many of the large city churches, there is an axminister rug on the pulpit, and there is both an organ and a piano. This church was designed or planned by Ivan L. Sharp and the carpenter work was done by S. E. Bright and his pon. He also made the seats.

Here, You Taylor was the pastor when the remodeling was ione and the members at that time were Luther D. Sharp, Laura J. Sharp, Ivan L. Sharp, wenevieve Sharp, Silas S. Sharp, Faul Sharp, Vonda L. Sharp, Luther D. Sharp, Jr., Samuel D. Hannah, some witcon, Archie witcon, and a number of others who had not that their membership transferred to this church, also some who belonged to enother denomination.

the first money toward the remodeling was \$150. from the Ladies Aid Society with Mrs. Laura J. Sharp as President and booster of the movement for a better church, until her death in 1932, her funeral being about the first service in the new church. Although many others contributed liberally both in and out of the church, the Ladies Aid Society with Mrs. Genevieve Sharp as President assumed the last remaining \$50. needed in order that the church could be dedicated on June 7, 1936. Rev. D. R. Carder was the pastor at the time of dedication, a d the dedicatory sermon was preached by the Superintendent of the Buchanon District Dr. J. D. Wells.

from 1902 to 1908 were Samuel Sibson, Georgie Hannah, James
t. Sackson, Sareh Sharp, Luther D. Sharp, Laura Sharp, Amenda
Sharp, Mettic Sharp, David Baughman, Bertha Hoover, Lena Sharp,
Tolbert F. Sharp, Nettie Doyle, and Ada Sharp.

At present we have about 25 active members and 20 nonactive.

the Trustees now are Luther D. Sharp, Jesse P. Hannah, Ivan L. Thorp, Oscar W. Herr, and the fifth, Relson Shreve resently died.

The present Stewards- Mrs. Vonde M. Sharp, Mrs. woldie way wer, and Faul L. Sharp. Paul L. Sharp is disbursing steward.

From L. Charp. Lay Delegate of W. V". Conference adray charge.

Wetter W. Meserve Delegate " " " " "

Lather D. Sharp , Frier of Appeals " " " "

Some of the main church workers at present are Kingsley marrison. Mattie Morrison, Luther D. Sharp, Mabel E. Sharp, Ivan L. Sharp, Genevieve Sharp, Oscar W. Kerr, Goldie Gay Kerr, Sthel Eye, Paul L Sharp, Vonda M. Sharp, Jesse P. Hannah, Lelah Mennah, and others, some whose membership are elsewhere.

We have Sunday School the year through since 1915. Before that time we some times closed for the winter.

mev. H. H. Skaggs, the present pastor preaches on the second Sunday of each month at night and in the morning on the fourth Sunday.

We have prayer services on each Wednesday night. Ivan

L. Sharp is class leader. There are 21 members active in Prayer
Service. We have Spworth League each Sunday night. We elect
officers every three months so as to encourage leadership.
The Ladies Aid Society at the present time has only 10 members.
But nevertheless it is a very active and efficient organization.
The officers are Mabel Sharp, Flora Rineheart, vonda Sharp and
Alice meflin.

Singing Association- Luther D. Sharp is the leader of this association. There are 20 in the class. We have regular practice, and we take part in community singing in many communities of the county and in singing conventions in other counties, he have duete, quartets, and many who play instrumental rusic. One outstanding member, Kingsley Morrison, can play hymne on a peach leaf, which has attracted a lot of attention. These community sings, and the singing Association has been a great help to the church and to the community.

illeny accounties of the county this part in this community eingies)

## West Wirginia Writers! Project PEDEAGON INCIPIDATION REPORT

Subject Pocahontas County Bistory | Tate Dec. 13, 1940 Chapter 6 Religion

Research Worker Junnita S. Dilley ... Date Research Taken Nov. 6, Dec. 9, 18

Typist Juanita S. Dilley

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Source Church Records

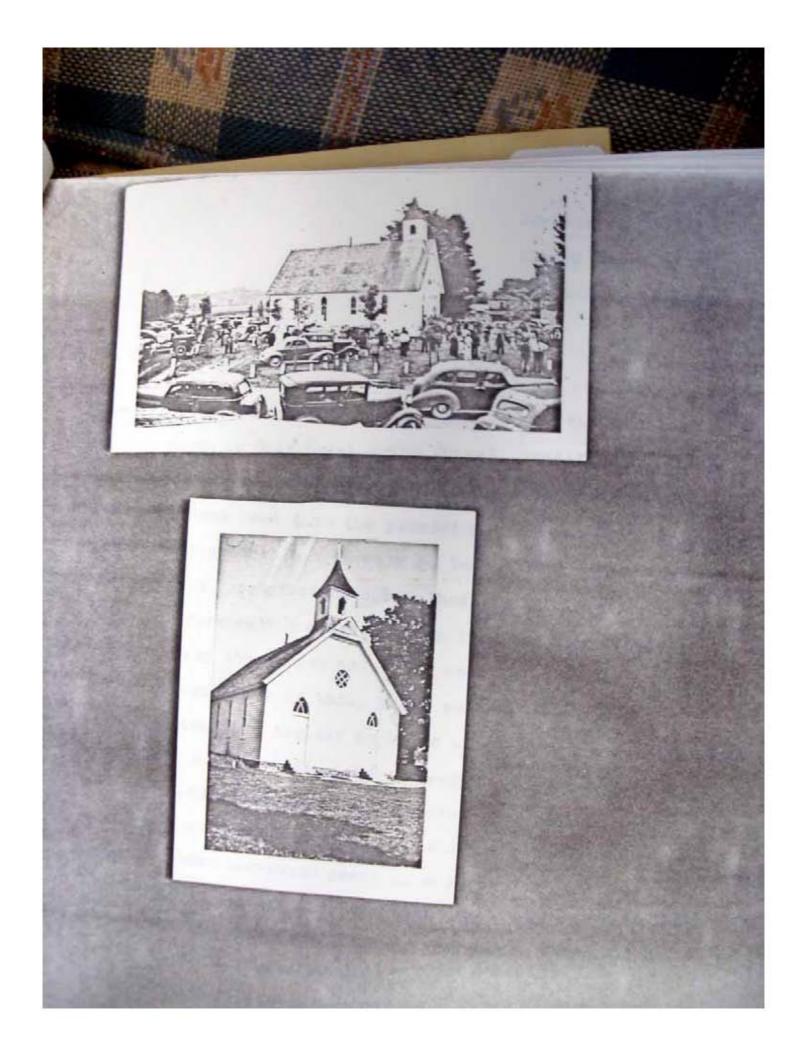
Date Filed

Mr., Mrs. Summers Sutton

Mrs. Adam Mevener, Mrs Rachel Arbogust, Deed Book 26 page

121. I talked it over with Roscoe Brown concerning the

church around Arbovale and Greenbank and he helped me to connect one church with the other and told me what he knew a about them.



Juanita S. Dilley clover Lick, W. Va. Chapter 5 Religion

#### ARBOVALE M. E. CHURCH

bjed

rard

The first church built in this community was the old log church known as Deer Creek Union Chapel. Tradition is that it was built some time prior to 1800, but no deed was given until the land came into the posession of James Tallman who gave a deed to the land on July 5, 1831. This church was used by both Presbyterians and methodists at first, but later some misunderstanding arose between them and the mathodists withdrew from the church and built and dedicated an old log church at Greenbank in 1839, known as New Salem. The Presbyterians then decided to build a better church and District 1850 Liberty Presbyterian church near the high school was completed and dedicated. The Methodists not wishing to be outdone decided that they, too, would build a better church. So after about seventeen years of service New Salem was abandoned and the present Greenbank church was built in 183%.

The old Pine Grove school house was used as a community center, I churchuservices rand singing for about 15 years. At one time when a revival was in progress, the people began to shout, and the floor broke through, and the stove fell over. The meeting was broken up for that night, but the next day Hiram Wooddell repaired the floor and the meeting centinued.

In 1895 a movement began to build a church at Arbovale.

Some of the people wanted the church located near the old

Fine Grove school house, and withdrew from the church because

The deed for the land was given on March 8, 1895 by James T. Sutton and Mary E. Sutton his wife to David C. Shears, C. C. Arbogast, Jos. W. Riley, Jas. T. Sutton and Brown M. Arbogast, trustees.

were hired and begin the first, but as soon as the money was all used they went away and left it unfinished. Local carpenters refused to finish what others had begun, so the church stood there unfinished for a period of three years. Finally it was finished by & MO. Brown. It was dedicated sine September of 1899. Some of the early members were Adam Arbogast, C. C. Arbogast, Benjamin M. Arbogast, A. P. Arbogast, James Sutton, Kary Sutton, Rachel Arbogast, Sherman Sutton, Brown Arbogast, John Sutton, John Arbogast, and J. W. Riley.

there were either no records kept or they had been destroyed for the earliest records found at the parsonage were for 1919-1920 and were made by Mev. Sutton. A notemade by him was as follows. This record began with the year 1919-1920, Mitherto the records seem to have been poorly kept. This has been the result of an oversight and largely due to the fact of a changing charge. The year for which records begins had for its pastor J. M. Sutton, a boy reared in this sommunity, belped to build the church at Arbovale some twenty or more years ago, was converted and joined the church and from here joined the travelling connection of the west Virginia conference and had been in the ministry about twenty years when serving this charge. The place where he preached during this

year are as follows: Arbovale, Boyer, Brush Run, Thornwood, Top Allegheney, North Fork School nouse, and Pine Grove. Arbovale church enjoyed a very good revival this summer, W. A. Grogg, assisting. Sixteen were received into the church."

Nothing else had been put on the records except

Hev. Ben F. Donley, 1920-21, Hev. L. C. Harris 1921-22,

until 1933 when the Rev. J. H. Hypes came on the circuit.

"J. M. Hypes - 1933-1937, Age 32 from Nicholas County.

Preached at Arbovale, Frost, New Hope, Mt. Zion, Clover Lick,

Boyer, C.C. Camp Seneca. Buchannon District-Arbovale Charge."

Dr. L. S. Grome, Dist. Supt. 1933-35.

Dr. J. E. Wells, Dist. Supt. 1936-37"

Records show the following class leaders, supt.,
trustees, stewards, etc. for 1919-1921: C. C. Arbogast.
O. G. Arbogast, D. O. Woods, J. O. Sutton, J. W. Hiley,
J. H. Shears, Birdie Sutton, H. A. Sutton, Mrs. Coy Friel,
W. T. Sutton, J. B. Orndorff, William Malcom, Delbert
Gillispie, Stella Conrad, Oscar Orndorff, Morgan Hader,
Henry Plackhurst, Rachel Thompson.

members name had been put on the records. His records show a membership of 85 for the Arbovale church for 1940, many of the had been added to the class during his pasturate. Many of them young people.

The present trustees are: C. E. Flynn, Owen Rader, Adolphus Chears, Marry Sismons, Mrs. Clyde Gillispie, Freuent Stemards: Nettie Cheats, Dessie Tracy, Owen mader, Adolphus Chears, Glen Arbogast, Marry Sismons.

The annual Home Coming Day held on the first Sunday in August is an important event in this church. It was first organized about ten years ago by O. Glen Arbogast. Formerly they had been having song services once a month, and Mr. Arbogast thought it would be nicer to have one day set apart as Home Coming Day. He went ahead making plans, and one the first Sunday in August they had their first Home Coming Day. So many old friends came back on that day and so many of the former pastors came, too, that the people decided it would be a good thing to have Home Coming every year, so the first Sunday in August has been set aside as Home Coming Day for the people of the community. However, people from all over the county look forward to the day.

which was built in 1938 a short distance from the church. The deed for the land upon which the Tabernacle was built was given on August 10, 1939 by machel J. Arbogast and C. C. Arbogast her husband to J. B. Orndorff, Claude Tracy, and E. J. Moore, trustees for the Arbovale Inter- Denominational moliness Association, an unincorporated organization. The land hereby conveyed to be used for religious purposes only and when it ceases to be used for religious purposes or is used for any other purpose the said land shall revert to and become the property of the parties of the first part.

Recent pastors of the Arbovale circuit are: Robert Greynolds, H. P. White, J. A. Arthurs, I. E. Lewis, Justin M. Eypes, A. G. Bell Howard Wriston, ed the present one D. R. Carder.

West Virgint, Writurs' Project RESIDERCH IDENTIFICATION REPORT

Subject Posshontss County History Date Acc. 24, 1940 Research Worker Juanita S. Dilley Date Research Taken

Dec. 2, 4, 10,19

Date Typed Dec. 13, 1940

Source Deed Book 39 page 50 Date Filed

Mrs. Glen Tracy Mrs. onowden tracy Russell Gabert Church records

Rev. 1. Garber, the Brethern minister.



Juanita S. Dilley Clover Lick, W. Va Chapter 6 Religion

## KERR MEMORIAL CHURCH-- BOYER

The Kerr Memorial church at Boyer was named for Leiut.

Robert D. Kerr, a son of James Kerr, who graduated with distinction from West Point in 1898 and was assigned to the
engineer branch of the service. He was ordered to the Philippines during the Spanish American war, but died on board a
troop ship in July and was buried in the Pacific Ocean.

An engraved metal plate on the pulpit bears these words,

"In memory of Leiut, Robert David Kerr

In the service of the United States, died
at sea on board the Indiana between Honolulu
and Manila on July 21, 1898. Age 22 years.

Asleep beneaththe blue Pacific waves,
where deep the ocean keeps her many graves.
Gods loving eyes have marked and kept the spot.
The honored name that knew not stain or blot
Is written high on scrolls of deathless fame,

But mas made October 2, 1905 by M. P. Book of the Book Lumber Co. of Pennsylvania to James D. Kerr. L. M. Collins, Urish Hevener, Jr., E. M. Ervin, M. C. Arbogast.

2. J. Bottingham, P. W. Yeager and Fred S. Book, trustees of the Kerr Memorial church of Boyer.

The church was completed and dedicated during the year 1902. Each of the lumber for the church and the seats was given by wargan Colline. Econey sexuade and deorge Hausy were the

carpenters.

This church was locked at one time to bar the Church of wood people and for a few years it was not used by anyone.

During this time no repairing was done on the church and it depreciated very much. In 1939 the people of the community decided to have Cap, Andy and Flip, well known radio artists, to give an entertainment at the church to see if they could raise some money to repair the church. They were very successful so they decided to go shead and collect or donate enough to do all of the much needed repair work. A new roof was put on, broken windows replaced, repainted on the outside, underpinned, floor ciled, new carpets put down, etc., until now it is in very good condition. Money donations Toward this repair work were also made by Mrs. Harry VanOsdale, Mrs. Zack Nottingham, Mrs. Willia Wilmoth and Mrs. Vesta sottingham, sisters of Robert D. Kest.

The Methodist preach in the church one Sunday per month, and the Brethern preach in it two Sundays each month, though each go to the others services and they all work together in the Sunday school and young peoples meetings.

Mesords show a Methodist membership of 32 for 1940. The Brethern membership is 92.

The present trustees are Daniel myder, Glen Tracy, Aussell Wabert,

The present Stewards are Hussell Gabert, Glen tracy and Clay Lembert,

The Sunday school Supt. is Ass Wilfong, and the teachers are maniel Syder, seorge Gromer, when Tracy, Mrs. when Tracy, and thelms Fugh.

They now have a good Sunday school and a well attended loung Feoples Meeting every Sunday night.

All money collected is divided half and half between the denominations.

I was up to Durbin to see Rev. I. J. Garber, the Brethern minister, and he said their membership of 92 at Boyer lived not only in the village but in the surrounding countryside as far south as Arbovale and Glade mill. Their work in this community, he says, began at Brush Run. That for many years they used the Brush Run church, but the Church of God people did not cooperate and they then came down to the Boyer church and have used it since that time.

### West Virginia Writers' Prograt RESUARCH INCAPINICATION REPORT

#### Pocahontas County

Subject County-Rietory, Chapter 6 Dacember 6, 1940

Research Worker Juanita S. Dilley Date Research Taken

Dypist Juanita S. Dilley

Source Deed Bookm 15 page 476

Mrs. G. D. Kincaid

Mr. and Mrs. Herry Burner

Church Records

History of Pocahontas-Price

December 2, 194

4,1940

Inte Typed \_\_\_ December 6, 1940\_

Date Filed





Juanita 5. Dilley Clover Lick, W. Va. Chapter 6-Religion

# ARBOGAST MEMORIAL CHAPEL-BARTOW M. E. Church, South

The first church services, so far as any one knows, were held in the school house. Arbogast Memorial chapel was built in the year of 1882 and dedicated in 1883. It was built near the site of an old cemetery on the lands of the pioneer Abram Burner, which later came into the posession of his son George W. Burner, thence to Charles Burner and Elizabeth Beard Burner, his wife who gave the deed for the church lot in 1883, to Feter D. Yeager, A. M. V. Arbogast, Josiah O. Beard and Lee Burner, trustees. "A certain lot of land in the neighborhood of Travelers Repose containing one half acre. For and in consideration of the love we bear for the cause of Christ and from an earnest desire to promote his heritage on earth."

Sear this church is a barn that was used as a hospital for the wounded at the Battle of Bartow in 1861, and between the barn and the church is the resting place of many of the dead. The Union soldiers later removed the bodies of most of their dead, but many of the Confederates from the Southern states remained buried there. At one grave was a stone bearing the inscription "In this grave is the bodies of six unknown confederate Soldiers." but when the state road was built, the men who gatheres rocks for the road base removed many of the stones from the graves and used then in building the road. The people of the community were greatly shocked when they learned what had happened and they demanded that he more of them be removed. It does seem a pity that in a

A look and he everything they secured them by the

place where as many rocks are found as are in Pocahontas, that they would remove grave stones to build road)

There were no churches nearer Bartow than Top Allegheney.

Arbovale or Greenbank, and all of these places were several miles away, so in 1882 the people decided to build a church. Lee Burner furnished the timber and he with the help of his neighbors the Arbogasts, Yeagers and Burners cut and skidded the logs to a saw mill in the neighborhood and had it sawed into lumber for the church. Charles Burner paid the saw bill, and contributed more money than any other one person. He also boarded the carpenters a may. Elliot who plained all of the lumber by hand. It took him almost a year.

For many years this church was open to all denominations, but of late years only the Methodists use it. It is now an appointment on the Arbovale circuit, but was formerly on the Durbin circuit.

Hecords show for 1940 a membership of 98, many of them young people who have been added to the class the past year. I was told by the former pastor Nev. Howard Wriston, that this was his best appointment. Other appointments on this circuit are Arbovale, Bethel on Back Mountain, Wanless, Boyer, New Hope, and Frost.

The present trustees are 1. E. Methany, B. J. Snyder, Harper Beverage, Oscar Turner, and Howard Kreamer. The present stewards are Mrs. B. J. Snyder, Harper Beverage, Frank Gagnor, and Adith Burner.

presulter believe

This church was named Arbogast Memorial in memory of the Rev. Benjamin Arbogast. He went to school a cossion or two to Academy(at Hillsboro) and then went to Dickinson College in Penn. and was graduated among the best in his class. In the meantime he entered the ministry and became a pulpit orator and one of the most distinguished teachers of the high school under the auspecies of the M. E. Church, South.

It seems that he never lived at Bartow, and that the church was named in honor of him more to satisfy a whim of one of the members. Many of the people of the community do not even know it is named Arbogast Memorial as they never call it snything but Bartow church.

came down on his neck and held him thesehelpless. He had to summons a neighbor to assist him in getting out. He afterwards said that was the last time he would ever lock a church on any one. The disagreement had been over building the Thornwood church. The Southern members had wanted to build the church, but the President of the Lumber company was an M. E. and insisted on having it built by the M. E. branch.

. And believe on there was wure some upheavel. The

(thenlaster - 6

OFFICE LETTER Date October 31, 1940 Bruce Graviord, State Directoffice Referring to From Juanita S. Dilley Office Subject inclosed report File

Separate sheet for each subject. Omit all formalities, For office letters only.

The dead to mount dion church had me stumped for a long time. I couldn't understand why he made reference to a house on the lot and then said upon which they shall erect a building for worship. I did not think there had ever been any other building on the lot, and I ask every one I sev that I thought might know, but most of them could give no reason for it. At last I went to see Mrs. Alice Sherp at frost and ask her. She is one of the oldest living persons that once lived near the chueph, and she told me that the old building was there but was not being used as a place of worship at that time and that the people decided to repair it and make it into a place of worship again. She believes, from what she has heard older people say, that the building had been there for many years before 1956 slen the feed was given.

I lived for six years in this community and "sat to church at Mt. wion, and my humbands people have been there since eround 1800, we were living there in 1935 when they accused the premuher for unfaithfulness to his family, and believe me there was sure some upheavel. The presider before him was believed to have been the care kind of a new and the leaded two of them together was just too much. Ashone I had any of everything they nounded them of war true or agt.

Justite Dilley Chapter 6 Heligion October 31, 1940

Part of the Deed to Mount Lion Church

This Indenture made the sixth day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty six between Charles Grimes and Martha his wife of the county of Pocehontes and state of West Virginia of the one part and James Wanlers. William Hoore, John Wanless, James Grimes, John Sharp, Henry Arboguet and John Waugh, trustees in trust for the use and purposes herein after mentioned, all of the county of Pocahontas and state sforessid, of the other part, witnesseth that the said Unerles Grimes and Martha his wife for and in the consideration of \$3.00 the receipt therefore acknowledged, hath given, granted, sold, bargained, released, confirmed and conveyed unto said -----trustees, etc. etc. A certain lot or parcel of land situated, lying and being in the said county of Pocahontas, W. Va. on the east vatters of Thorny Greek sontaining two acres and fifty one poles and bounded as -----including to s egring, it being a part of a survey of 510 acres granted to Felix Grimes by patent and devised to said Charles Grames in his \*111. Together with all and singular the houses, roods, waters, privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging or in any vise pertaining to, to have and to hold all and singular the above mentioned and described lot or percel of lang situated as aforeseid together with all and singular the houses, woods, vaters.

and privileges unto them the said James Wonless, etc. --- trustees and their successors in office forever in trust that they shall erect, bulld or cause to be erected or built a house, a place of worship for the use of the Methodist Episcopal church in the united States of America according to the rules and disciplin thich from time to time be agreed upon and adopted by the ministers, preachers of the said church at their general conference in the United States of America, and in further trust and confidence that they shall at all times forever hereafter permit such ministers and preachers belonging to said church as shell from time to time be duly authorized, etc. -----to presch and expound Gods holy word therein, and in further trust and confidence that as often as any one ore more of the trustees heretafore mentioned, shall die or cesse to be a member of the said church according to said rules and discipling as aforesid then and in that case it shall be the dut; of the Stationed minister or prescher authorized as aforesaid who shall have the members of said church in charge to call a meeting of the remaining trustees as soon as convenient, and when met the said minister shall proceed to nominate one or more of thair. persons to fill the place of office vacated, provided the person natisted shall have been one pear a member of the said church and he at least 21 years of age, and the said trustees as secential shall proceed th sleat and by a majority of votes to spoint the person or persons so nominated to fill the vacancy in order to keep the number up to nine trusteen forever, and in case of any squal number of votes for or sgainst the nomination. the minister shall have the unsting vote, etc. atc. sit all of its apportantouse, in trust of ... so of land containing two

In Deed Book number 18 page 56 is recorded a deed dated february 12, 1887 in which Henry Bussard deeded to Ruben Overholt, Wellington T. Bogsett, David Cochran, Charles Burr, and Em. T. Ferry trustees of the Methodist Protestant Parsonage, and Em. T. Ferry trustees of the Methodist Protestant Parsonage, and excisin tract of land situated two and one half miles from numbersville on the Cummings Creek road, to be used exclusivly for a parsonage for the Methodist Protestant Church.

a vendoirs lien was held until a balance of \$16.50 should be paid. The sale price had been \$74.00

Then in July 1894 in deed book number 25 page 355
George Bussard, Sarah J. Piles, Susan E. Auldridge and T. H.
Auldridge heirs of Henry Bussard, deceased, parties of the first
part to suben Overholt, David Gochren, Charles Burr, Wm. T. Ferry,
and Wellington Hogsett, trustees of the Methodist Protestant
fersonage on Cusmings Greek for the sum of \$16.50 do hereby
grant and release to the said parties of the second part all
our claims upon the said parsonage property.

By these deets will be seen that the paraonage for the Huntersville Circuit was located on Cummings Creek.

PARAGUAGE --- MARLINGON CIRCUIT

The parsonage of the Marlinton Virguit was located near the Ulawson Church.

In a deed dated March 20, 1915, Ellis Z. Friel party of the first part to John Perry, H. J. Sharp, N. A. Clarkston, William F. Irvine and B. F. Johnson, trustees of the Methodist Protestant Personage of the Marlinton Circuit for the consideration of .275.00 cash in hand, a certain tract of land containing two merce with all of its appurtenances. In trust for the use and

benefit of the ministers and preachers and members of the Marlinton Circuit of the West virginia Conference, Posshontas county composed of the following classes: Fairview, a church building located hear Harter, bethel a church building located hear Buckeye, Seebert- a church building in the town of Seebert, Droop Mountain a church building on Droop Hountain near Locust.

Said property is conveyed to the trustees and their successors for a parsonage property or residence of preachers of the Marlinton charge.

I don't know why the parsonage was located in such an out of the way place as Clawson unless it was because of the train service at that time. Buckeye, Seebert and Droop Mountain could be reached by train and Fairview was in walking distance. There was Sunday train service on the Greenbrier Division xxxx in 1915 and I emagine this had something to do with locating the parsonage at Clawson. It certainly would be one of the most unhandy locations for a parsonage at the present time. I had to get a boy to boat me across the river and then walk a mile 4 mm the railroad when I went down there to get the picture of the church. This parsonage was not used very many years for after the two circuits were united into the Pocahontes Circuit the preachers resided at Muntersville. Now since the Methodist Churches are united he resides in the parsonage at Minnebahs aprings.

The deed for the lot upon which the Seehert Methodist

Frotestant church was built was sold to Wellington T. Hogsett,

Frotestant church was built was sold to Wellington T. Hogsett,

Joseph Simmers, Isaac B. Smith, Wallace W. Underwood and Howard

Joseph Simmers, Isaac B. Smith, Wallace W. Underwood and Howard

Joseph Simmers, Isaac B. Smith, Wallace W. Underwood and Howard

Underwood, trustees, for the sum of \$50. by J. S. and Hora E.

Underwood, trustees, for the sum of \$50. by J. S. and Hora E.

Underwood, trustees, for the sum of \$50. by J. S. and Hora E.

No church however was built by the Methodists and the Presbyteriens desiring to have a place of worship entered into an agraement with the Methodists to build a church together. This was in 1906. The deed of agreement was between H. J. Lickeel, and C. L. Stulting, trustees of the Oak Grove Presbyterian thurch and W. T. Hogsett, J. B. Pyles, I. B. Smith and Wallace Underwood trustees of the Methodist Protestant church owners of a certain tract of land designated as lot 30 block 7 in Seebert, it is mutually agreed between said trustees that the two denominations unit and build a church building on said lot to be used by each of said denominations for the worship of God. it shall not cost more than \$1700., each shall contribute and pay equally. In case they shall not agree upon use of the church, the Presbyterians shall use it on the first and third Sundays and the Metholists on the second and fourth sundays of each month. if either denomination decided to sell its interest in the church it was to give the other a chance to buy upon twelve months notice. In case any controversy arose over the use of the church, a committee componed of one Presbyterian, one Methodist and the third to be whosen by the first two sppointed, was to be chosen and their decision was to be final.

Deed Book 43 Gage 43/
sive territory embraced by the original Greenbrier Freshytery
test new, John Rocue. Mr. Negue was licensed to preach by Hantest presbytery meeting in Timber Sidge Church, Rockbridge Co.,

### POCAHONTAS COUNTY

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### Chapter 6 - Section 1

The first Presbyterian minister of whom we have any record in these "western" settlements was Rev. Ben Edward Crawford. Mr. Crawford is supposed to have come from the "South Branch" (of the Potomac), and he must have visited this region soon after the first permanent settlements were made. Other names connected with that early period are Frazier and Read. These are referred to as missionaries, but it is not possible to determine by whom they were sent or how long they remained. It is, however, said of Mr. Crawford, and the statement is probably true, that he was the first Christian minister of any denomination who visited these "western waters".

The labors of these pioneer ministers, whose names are dimmed by distance, were not without results. Of their ministry Dr. Mcklhenny wrote in 1858: "Until within comparatively a few years persons, were living both in this county (Greenbrier) and Lonroe who professed conversions under the ministry of these men, and from my long acquaintance with them I can say I have never met with any who manifested more of the life and true spirit of piety than they did. Some of them for sixty years and others of them for seventy years were truly burning and shining lights in the church".

The first resbyterian minister to settle within the extensive territory embraced by the original Greenbrier Presbytery was new. John McCue. Mr. NeCue was licensed to preach by Han-

Virginia, May 22, 1782, and was instructed by that Presbytery to labor for a portion of his time in Greenbrier County. His to labor for a portion of his time in Greenbrier County. His ordination sermen was preached a year later on May 20, 1783, ordination sermen was preached a year later on May 20, 1783, ordination service in Monmouth Church near Lexington, and the ordination service was arranged for the first Wednesday of the August following among the people of the region west of the Alleghenies, where he had spent his previous year as an evangelist.

pr. McCue was a mun of fine breeding, good preparation for his work and of unusual natural natural ability. His friend thomas Jefferson at one time in his youth urged him to give up the work of the ministry and devote his unusual talents to the study of the law. His ministry continued for nine years and four months, terminating September 20, 1791.

Mr. McCue's ministry is of great importance, not only because he was the first Presbyterian minister to be settled in this region but also because of the great work he initiated, both in the organization of churches and in his wider missionary activities. One historian says, "He was probably the first to administer the scaling ordinances in "The Sinks" in Monroe, The Levels and "The Head of Greenbrier" in Pocahontas County and in Tygart's Valley.

about the year 1818 other ministers began to visit this region as evengelists or stated supplies of churches recently organized. Dr. McKlhenny mentions especially Nev. Meanrs. S. L. Grabas, Jones Earr, William G. Gampbell, and Joseph Brown.

The work of two of the above named men especially deser-

#### POCAHONTAS COUNTY

-3-

ves mention, namely, Rev. William G. Campbell and Rev. Joseph Brown. Mr. Campbell preached frequently in Monroe, Fayette, Nicholas and Pocahontas Counties. He received one hundred members at the Anthony's Creek Church, eighty-seven at Spring Creek, and twenty-nine at Cak Grove, and many others at churches which he visited occasionally. Rev. Joseph Brown was one of the youngest sons of Mary Moore of Abb's Valley. He is remembered especially in this county for his work at Oak Grote, Huntersville and Liberty Churches.

at the time when other ministers were beginning to come out to join Dr. McElhenny as this frontier field began to develop, about the year 1818, another minister who was to exert f far-flung and lasting influence in the northern part of the Greenbrier Presbytery was beginning his labors in the Tygart's Valley region. Rev. aretas Loomis came out to the Tygart's V Valley rield in the summer of 1818, continuing there for a number of years. Others who had come out as missionaries had labored for brief periods of time in that section, but it remained for Lr. Loomis to offer the people that constructive leadership which nakes his ministry a notable one in the history of our Fresbytery.

> From The Church on the Western Waters (an Mistory of Greenbrier Presbytery and its Churches) by; Dr. LLoyd McF. Courtney

### POCAHONTAS COUNTY

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Chapter 6 -- Section 1

of the Rev. Aretas a Loomis' visits to Clover Lick with Ers. Jacob Warwick, we have the following account from the History of Pocahontas County by Dr. Wm. T. Price.

Mrs. Jacob Warwick was eminently pious and was a member of the Lindy Cove Presbyterian Church. She never felt herself more honored than when ministers would visit her home and preach. The visiting minister would receive a nice horse or something else as valuable, as a token of appreciation. She was conscientiously rigid in her domestic discipline. Her brother once made this remark, "Mary, I used to think you were too strict with your family, and you have been blamed for it. I see now you are right. You have not a child but would kneel in the dust to obey you. I lot my children have more liberties, and they do not care so much for me".

The Rev. Aretas loomis came from Beverly for a time every four weeks and preached at the Warwick residence. She was highly emotional, and during the services often appeared v very happy. She was very benevolent and her kind deeds were done upon the principle of not telling her left hand what the right hand be doing. Persons in her employ would always be

It should be remembered that hirs. Warwick in her old age cathered the first Sabbath School ever taught in Pocthomies County. In the summer her servents would lift her on her horse, and she would then ride about four miles to a school

house near where the Josiah Friel cabin stood. The exercises would begin at about nine o'clock. There was no prayer, no singing; but she would read the Bible, talk a good deal and give good advice. The scholars would read their Bibles with her. The exercises would close at two in the afternoon. after this continuous session of five hours, Mrs. Warwick would be so exhausted as to require assistance to arise and mount her horse. It was her custom to go to William Sharp's, dine and rest a while, and then go home later in the day. To use the language of one of her scholars, the late Mrs. Elizaboth HoLaughlin, who died in 1895, aged over ninety years, "She would give such good advice. If all would do as she told them how well it might have been. She was the best woman to raise girls I ever saw. She has talked to me for hours and it has often been thrown up to me that old Mrs. Warwick made me proud because I tried to do as she advised me."

The school was made up mainly of Josiah Brown's family, John Sharp's, William Sharp's, and Jeremiah Friel's. The lamented methodist minister, Rev. James E. Moore, once belonged to her school and received from her his earliest religious instructions.

Not a great while before her death, during one of Mr. Loomis' ministerial visits, she received the communion. Upon receiving the elements, her emotions became so great that her husband and children, fearing results, carried her to her own room where for four weeks she was helpless from nervous prostration.

#### POCAHONTAS COUNTY

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wife returned from Bath County where they had moved and lived for a time, they built a very large new house to take the place of the log house that had been used before. One of the main reasons for having the house so spacious was that it might be used for preaching services, and there was preaching there more frequently than anywhere else in this neighborhood, during a number of years.

#### POCAHONTAS COUNTY

-1-

# Chapter 6 - Section 2.

The Synod of West Virginia

In the fulfillment of the years, the work begun by the founders had advanced until three presbyteries had been erected in this western empire in which they had pioneered for God. In the earlier days, this region was under the jurisdiction of Hanover Presbytery, soon passing to the jurisdiction of Lexington Presbytery, at the time of the latter's organization in 1786. Greenbrier Presbytery was organized in 1838, and was the only presbytery in that region west of the mountains intil 1895. Kanawha Presbytery was organized in 1895, and later, in 1912, Tygart's Valley Presbytery was organized.

Thus at this time there were three presbyteries represented in the work of the Southern Presbyterian Church in West Virginia, but these Presbyteries were connected with the Sunod of Virginia. Various considerations suggested the desirability and sivantege of giving separate unity to the work in West Virginia, represented by these three presbyteries. After much deliberation and not a little reluctance to sever connection with the parent Synod, so long enjoyed, definite action looking to the orestion of a new Synod was taken in 1913.

Oreenbrier Fresbytery, meeting at Lewisburg april 29, 1915, overtured the symod of Virginia to join with it in an overture to the seneral assembly asking that a new symod embracing the presbyteries of sreenbrier, Kanswhe, and Tygert's salley, and respective of second rier, the presbyteries of sec

organization, should be erected, to be known as the Synod of mest Virginia.

Tygatt's Valley Presbytery took similar action at the same time, and Kanawha Presbytery followed with a like overture at its fall meeting in the same year.

These overtures were sent to the Synod of Virginia meeting at Danville, and the Synod of Virginia joined in an overture to the General Assembly of 1912. The overtures were acted upon favorably by the General Assembly and the new Synod was ordered to meet at Lewisburg October 27, 1914. Rev. Newton Donaldson of Huntington was appointed to preach the opening sermon, and Rev. Frederick H. Barron, D.D., to act as clerk until a permanent organization could be effected.

the new Synod of West Virginia met in the Old Stone Church at Lewisburg at the time appointed, and was organized. Rev. Ernert Thompson, D.D., since 1902 pastor of the First Presbyterian Church at Charleston, and one of the leading sponsors of the movement to erect the Synod of West Virginia, preached the opening sermon. Dr. Thompson was then elected Moderator and Nev. J. M. Sloan of alderson was elected Stated Clerk. The record shows that thirty-seven ministers and twenty-seven ruling elders were enrolled at the initial meeting of the Synod of Next Virginia.

"en the mestern waters". The faith and labors and prayers of the planeer fathers were visibly justified. The wilderness was becoming a fruitful field.

#### POCAHONTAS COUNTY

-3-

erection of the Synod of West Virginia. It was the recognition of the fact that within its territory there is a unique home mission field. And it was to give unity to that field, with all the advantages that would derive from such unity, that the Synod of West Virginia came into its being. It was erected for the purpose of meeting more effectively an opportunity in home missions which we believe is without parallel within the bounds of our Church. That was the envisioned mission of our Synod which must not be forgotten by its ministers and churches.

"The Church on the Western Waters" Courtney.

Pocaliente: -1

West Virginia Writers' Project RESIDERCH IDENTIFICATION HEPORT

Subject \_bouter 6 = \_\_ctivus 1 - B Date \_\_ch. 1, 1941

Research Worker "elle Y. Lo, murilin

Nypist welle. W. Molaughlin

Lrs. Clurence Jordan Ars. essie lierson Lrs. Jones Joyle

Date Research Taken peo ... 30 &.

Date Typod \_ en. 31, 1941

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Chapter 6 - Sections 1 & 2.

## Buntersville Bethodist Church

The Methodist Mpiscopal Church wouth of Muntersville tas built and dedicated in 1886. The Nev. Sixes preached the dedicatory sermon. Defore the division of the Methodist Church in 1844 into Northern and Southern branches, the Methodists had an organization at this place, but the Muntersville organization then belonged to the Levelton Circuit.

The land for the church was given by William H. and Llizabeth V. Grose. The deed - June 19, 1884, between Wm. H. and Elizabeth V. Grose to Josiah C. Loury, Sr., Jno. J. Bard, P. L. Harper, Henry rose and Amos Barlow, one lot 15 in muntersville in trust to be used for a place of Living opening by the ministry and membership of the Letholist Lpiscopal Church Louth.

This methodist Church was planned by Mr. Sam Turk, a sattorney, living in Huntersville at that time.

Henry Sverholt, albert Sharp, and Beckley McComb ters the corpenters. Lany people gave a few days work when they sould by of paying their part.

At first the Lethodists worshiped in the Court House.

The the Londony was built in 1842, that was used as a place of herardy by Lateodists of all branches, Episcopalisms, and Frankyterians. The Frankyterian Church afterwards became its place here all describetions worshiped, but differences of destries prompted the building of a separate church.

among the first members were:

Mr. and Ars. Josiah C. Loury, Sr.

hr. and hrs. John J. Berra

P. L. Harper

Henry Grose

amos Barlow .

ir. and lirs. Forest hoore

Lr. and Lrs. Lenry Sharp

hrs. Mobert "ason

Lr. and .rs. contjouery Friel

Capt. Stover

ars. on. Campbell

er. and hrs. our houry

Mr. oal Lrs. Mr. Grose.

irs. James II. poyle

the pro chere who have served the church are:

nov. ...derson

- " Vo\_16
- J. D. Pope
- " Thos. Vooper
- www. Brimlon
- Tion Lorgue
- L. J. S. coller
- 35.120.2
- -106g

Rev. Lenton

. Brubsker

, Shiley

a simpson

nev. 1. m. we waven, the moved here in Cotober, 1940 and is the paster at the present time.

time the time the church was built until a few months before her teeth about five years ago.

The first Junday -chool at held in the resbyterien church. This was before the Lethodist Church was built. In 1878 the Lethodists left the Presbyteriens and held their -unday -chool in an old school building on what was then the -r. Fatterson land. The Jupt. of the Junday -chool at the present time is -rs. Tobin Jtover. The enrollment is about sixty-six persons.

The church membership is about thirty. They have preaching services the second and fourth Sundays of each wonth.

The stewards are: -rs. any sharp and "rs. E. J.

The Addies aid and the Assionary Societies have been reorganized into the Admin's Sivision of Shristian Service with Art. Sessie Figraon as president. This organization has thirteen Admin's and mosts once a month. They have a president of Sizions and least north such as helping with the

upkeep of the personage and church. The "ethodist Churches in the Hantersville Circuit own the parsonage which is located at Linnehaha Springs.

Information:

hr. "echley hoComb hrs. Clarence Jordan hrs. "essie Fierson Mrs. James Loyle

### WILDELL M. E. CHURCH

this church was built in the lumber town of wildell in 1909 by the lumber company that was operating there at that time. Like all of these lumber town churches it had a large membership for a few years. But when the lumber company was gone there was absolutely nothing to keep the people there, so they went elsewhere, most of them had come in with the company and followed it to its next place of operation. Perhaps even to another state.

Several years ago it was sold to a congregation in Virginia and moved to that state.

I find no records of membership for most of them have been gone from the county for several years. The Rev. H' Blackhurst was the pastor most of the time that the church was used.

The deed was given on "arch 26, 1909 by menry U. Moore and A. S. Moore his wife of Brookville, Penn. and J. W. Lawton and Laure his wife of Elkins, W. Va. parties of the first part to Merritt Wilson, J. H. Phelan, W. C. Dawson, Owen Briniger, and U. G. Morgan trustees of the Methodist church at Wildell. If the place ceases to be used as a place of Divine worship then this deed shall be void and property will return to the grantors.

West Mirginia Writers! Project RECHARCH INCHTIFICATION REPORT

Subject \_\_\_\_\_ Pocshontas County History | Date \_\_\_\_\_ February 6, 1941

Research Worker Juanita S. Dilley Date Research Taken February 2,

Typist Juanita S. Dilley

Late Typed February 6, 1941

Source Mev. H. Blackhurst

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Deed Books 41 page 285 and 45 page 38



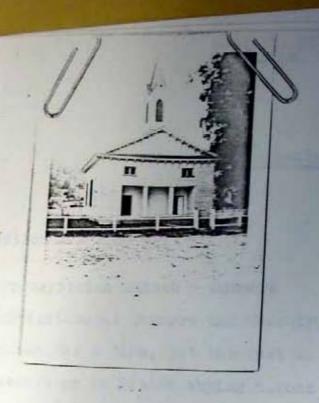
# Dunlevie or Thornwood M. E. Church

This church was built in 1907 during the time the Dunlevie Lumber company operated at this place. Later when they sold out to the Thornwood Lumber Company the pamesofathe place was changed to Thornwood, and the church is now called the Thornwood church. There were quite a number of members of the M. S. South denomination, holding their membership at Bartow. living in this community, so they wished to build an M. E. South church. The president of the Dunlevie Lumber Company was, however, a staunch and loyal n. E. and insisted on having a church of that faith. He even went so far as to say that if the M. E. preacher m. Blackhurst did not come up there to preach that he would get a prescher from his home in Pennsylvania to come down and serve the church. Therefore, Mev. blackhurst went to Dunlevie and a church was built by the lumber company who furnished everything. At that time there were a great many people at Dunlevie and nev. Blackhurst became the resident pastor of that one church.

Later it was made an appointment on the same circuit as the Durbin M. A. church, now it is not on any circuit, and there is presching only occasionally by an exhorter from Durbin by the name of apover, i W. M. Hoover)

Thornwood is just another of our lumber towns that has been just about abendoned.

The deed to this church was given on April 9, 1907 by A. H. W. Arbogent and alian Arbogent his wife. The trustees are not maned, want of the members were lumbermen who went away when the lumber companys moved out.



Pocahontes Co.

BARTER PHESBYTERIAN CHURCH- Dunmore, W. Va.

Crganized 1859 - Built 1858

#### Pocchontas County

-1-

# Chapter 6 - Section 1 & 2

Baxter Presbyterian Church - Dunmore

The Presbyterians at Junmore had worshipped at Liberty ... Church at Greenbank for a time, but the fact that they had to journey on horseback or in little shping wagons for ten or twelve miles to liberty Church was very wearisome, and in 1858 they had a mind to build a little church of their own at Duntore. During the summer of that year they erected the building. Very much to their credit, it was complete with inside furnishings, painted inside and out, and the yard planted with roses and shrubbery.

Harter Church building was dedicated on august 27, 1858. The delicatory sermon was preached by the Rev. C. M. See. The test was from 127 Paalms, first verse, "Except the Lord build the house, they labour in vain that build it,"

The deed for the land upon which the church was built to not made until July 5, 1861, from John W. and Caroline L. wormick to Mobert D. McCutcheon, Robert Curry, Jacob C. McLauthin, Donnel H. McCutcheon and William T. Gammon, Trs. of Duter Church, 84 sq. poles for Baxter old School Presbyterian Church et Summore.

in August 1, 1859, a number of members of Liberty Church, living neurest Dexter Church, petitioned Greenbrier Presbytery to be organized into a church at Baxter and Fresbytery, grant-

ing the request, made the necessary arrangements for the ormanimation of a church at Paxter. One year after the church was built on August 21, 1859, it was organized by the Rev. John C. Parr. Robert D. McGutcheon and Robert Curry were elected ruling elders. The session of Liberty Church transferred the following sixteen members, some of whom were very young, to be organized into the Baxter Church:

Robert D. McCutcheon ) Elders . Robert Curry

Clizabeth McCutcheon

Nancy McLaughlin

Samuel H. McCutcheon

Christiana Jane McCutcheon

Elizabeth E. Curry

Caroline R. Nottingham

Honey C. McCutcheon

Estilde G. Croig

Caroline L. Warwick

John B. McGutcheon

Wm. A. G. McDutcheon

Hobert L. LoCutcheon

Elizabeth E. McGutcheon

Thry Jame HoLaughlin

It appears that Mev. John C. Barr ministered to the Church until Rev. R. P. Rennedy came in 1800. During the civil our Vederel troops camped in this nice new building that the been so composinhly furnished and last to a week for many years. New paint, paper, carpet and lamps added much to restoring it for the fiftieth enniversary. In 1926 new walls were put in and it was painted both inside and outside. A new fence was also built.

The Baxter Church has been served by some twenty-rive pastors and supplies as follows:

s and supplies as lottone.	
John C. Barr	1859 - 1860
R. P. Kennedy	1860 -
M. D. Dunlap	1867 - 1869
Mathew Lyle Lacy (Occasional)	
David S. Sydenstricker (Supply)	1870 - 1874
A. H. Hamilton	1875 - 1876
J. H. McCown	1878 - 1882
Wm. T. Price	1884 - 1891
J. C. McCall (Supply)	1891 - 1892
Henry W. McLaughlin	1900 - 1904
A. F. Watkins (Supply)	1904
Bohont m may	1905 - 1906
W. W. Bain	1907 - 1909
	1910 - 1913
Lewis Lancaster (Supply)	1914
H. H. Leach	1915 - 1916
L. A. Kelly	1916 - 1918
J. M. Sydenstricker (Supply) D. McD. Monroe	1918
George Lauze	1919 - 1925
	2000 2000

D. McD. Monroe

Tor

1928 - 1936

A. B. Williford

1938 - present

Miss Margaret Pritchard, daughter of Wm. J. Pritchard, and a member of the Baxter Church, became a missionary to Morea and has been serving as such for about nine years.

On August 29, 1858, the Lords Supper was administered in this church for the first time.

The Baxter Church has had one outpost at McLaughlin school which has added many members to the church, also two descens and established many chrictian homes. Recently this school house has not been used and the people are transferred by truck to the church at Dunmore. The Hively and the Fertig families from Thorny Creek come to the Dunmore Church.

A Sunday School was organized at an early date though it was sometimes closed for the winter, or for short intervals, as quite a number had to travel several miles horseback.

The Ladies Aid Society was organized in 1905. Miss Flore Mooney of Greenbank assisted in the organization. It was reorganized in 1920 according to the standards of the somens Auxiliary of the Presbyterian Church.

Junnith S. Dilley Clover bick, W. Ve. Pockhonten County Chapter 6 November 22, 1940

#### NEW SALEM - GREENBANK

This is one of the old log churches of the Methodist Lpiscopal denomination. It was at Greenbank on land now a owned by John Gum just across the road from the present church.

# The deed for the land was given on September 2, 1837, by James Wooddell and Jame Wooddell his wife to George Eurner, Hobert C. Werwick, John Waugh, Henry Arbogast, James 4. Hoore, Jacob Sutton and James Wooddell, trustees. One nure, 16 poles for the sum of \$1.00, on which they shall exect or cause to be erected a place of worship for the use of the Methodist Episcopel church.

for some reason or other; this old church was absendened in the 18.0's and the present church was built. I could find only one can in Greenbank who even knew there had been an old log church there, that men was Pierce Wooddell. He sage that about all he can remember is that he and another to; climbed upon the log frame and that the other toy fell off and broke his arm. The church at that the other toy fell off and broke his arm. The church at that the other toy fell

It is relieved to have been co-cloted and dedicated in the care of less.

The Greenbank church, at the end of the Civil Wer faced the same situation as many of the other churches of the county, separation into northern and couthern brenches. This church was dedicated to the Methodist Protestants and no loubt the Northern branch could have held it, but there were many more of the Southern members. Therefore, in order to avoid a law suit, the Southerners bought out the Northern members and the situation ended peaceably, and the church became an M. E. Church, South. Mr. Wooddell seys that he has beard his father say that he paid \$20.00 into this fund.

The New Salem church was torn down soon after the var, but I cannot find out why it was built and used for only about 17 years and then a new church built unless the old log church was to small to accommodate the growth of the community and it was decided to build a higger church.

This with what you will find in the old Sterards Book will be about all the information available on the New Salam church.

From - \* Pierce Wooddell

F Deed Book 5 page 13

#### Hest Virginia Writers' Project RESIZEROW IDENTIFICATION REPORT

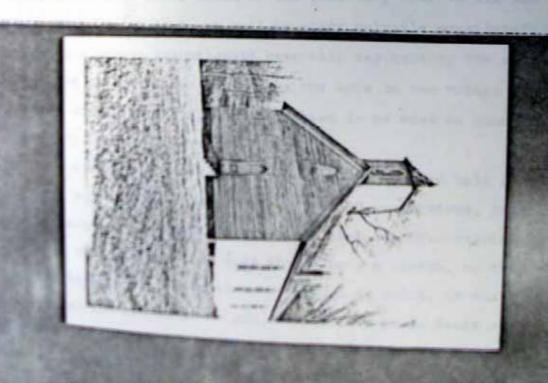
Sypist Junuita S. Dilley

Source Sallace MaGoy. Mrs. Didney McCoy Mrs. D. N. Callison Feed Book 21 page 86

Chapter 6 Religion Date Research Taken anuary 17 Date Typed January 24, 1941

Date Filed





Juanita S. Dilley Clover Lick, h. Va. Pocahontas County Chapter 6 Religion January 24, 1941

SHARON M. E. SOUTH----LOCUST CREEK

On the front of this church is the following: Sharon M. E. South

Oct.

1890

The deed to the land was given by May 31, 1890 by Edwin

L. Beard and Mollie R. Beard, his wife, to George Hill, Geo.

W. Callison, Thos. F. Callison, Noah D. McCoy and M. Nick McCoy,

trustees, for the use of the M. E. Church, South in consideration

of their appreciation of the benefits and blessi ngs of a preached

gospel and as a small token of the love they bear to him who

gave himself for them, as well as other valuable considerations

which are hereby acknowledged have this day sold to the said

trustees a certain lot containing one acre on the waters of

Locust Creek. If at any time it ceases to be used as church

property, same shall return to donors.

A Methodist preacher by the name of VanHorn held a meeting in the school house. There were around 50 conversions, part of whom joined the Methodist church and part the Presbyterian. It was then decided that they should have a church, so they worked together and donated money enough to build. It was completed and dedicated in Oct. of 1890. Edwin L. Beard and Thomas Callison were the main one to sponsor the building of this church, busher for the seats was hauled by wagon from Management.

The Presbyterians also used this church until they built Beard Chapel in 1922.

The oldest members were Edwin L. Beard, Mollie Beard, Mosh McCoy and family, William Lindsay and family, Frank Walton and family, John Cutlip and family, James Weiford and family, John Edmiston and family.

A few years ago Calvin May, John May, Wallace McCoy, Letcher Midd and Mick McCoy had some much needed repair done on the church, including a new roof. The church is very well furnished, and in need of very little repair. It need a paint on the outside and on the roof more than any thing else.

At one time they had a rather strong church with many workers, but at the present there is only a small class. It is an appointment on the Hillsboro or Levelton Circuit with Rev. L. S. Shires as the present pastor.

the present church workers are Remus May, Supt. D. N. Callison, Henry Kinceid, and Letcher Kidd. The Stewards and Trustees are D. N. Callison, Letcher Kidd, Elba Callison, and Henry Kinceid. Ers. Elba Gallison was a good worker until they moved to Marlinton.

William Callison was for many years the Supt. and class leader, and the church has been going down ever since his death. They have preaching once a month, Sunday school only in the

swmer and there are no church organizations.

From--Wallace McCoy

Mrs. Pidney McCoy

Mrs. D. N. Callison

Deed Book 21.page 86

CFFICE LEITER

CFFICE

Up to the present time I have not been successful in finding any thing whatsoever about the lives of the methodist Circuit Riders. Calvin Price says that all of the Presbyterian Circuit Riders were well educated, most of them having Doctors Degrees from Edinburg, Scotland. But that the Methodists were not so well educated. However, they seem to have had quite a following of members. I am getting material an act of the methodist Oratistant Churches first.

A-1028

### West Wirginia Writers' Project RESEARCH ILL TIPICATION REPORT

SubjectPocahontas County History | Date December 13, 1940 Chapter 6 Religion Research Worker Juanita S. Dilley Date Research Taken December 11,

Typist Juanita S. Dilley

Source Ers. J. G. Hambrick and daughter

Into Typed Dec. 13, 1940

Date Filed



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Austi repeinted ! by a furnac The mt

J. G. Hambi land belong

The c

J. G. Hambr

there

as there ar

is preachin

is fall the church was ric lights and is heated

ding of the church were May. It was built on ed has been given. le Beard, R. M. Beard, Mrs v. M. Hefner. present in this church, nity. The only services

The slders are marper Beard and J. v. Hambrick. The Descons are Kyle Beard, Clarence Dorman, and J. D. May.

Subject Possbontas county mistory Fate January 21, 1941

Descarch Worker vunnita S. Dilley Date Research Taken January 20, 1941

Date Typed Jan. 21, 1941

Dyplat Jusnita S. Dilley

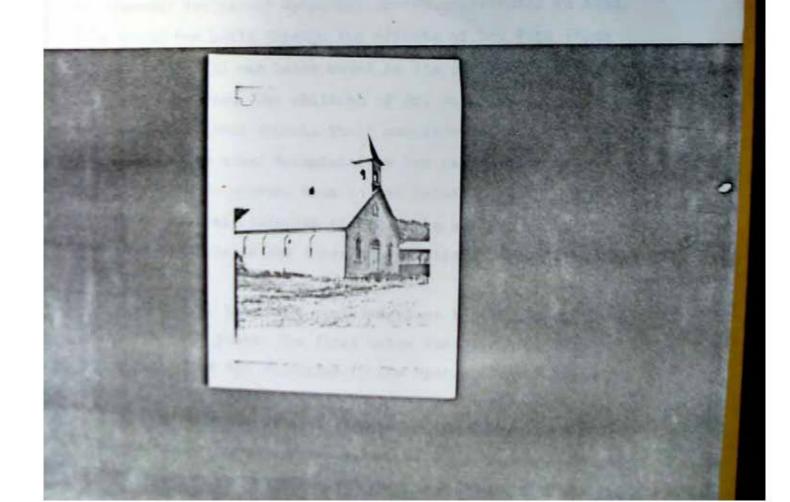
Date Filed

Source Mr. and Mrs John Sharp

Maud Collins

weed Book 53 page 267

for five years now I have lived in sight of and attended this church, so I personally knew most of its history.



Juanita J. Jilley Clover Lick, W. Va. Pocahontas County January 21, 1941 Chapter 6 Religion

# UNION CHURCH---CLOVER LICK

The first church services ever held in Slover Lick were held at the home of Mrs. Jacob Warwick by the Rev. Aretas Loomis of Beverly, a Presbyterian Circuit Rider, who came to the county once a month, for a time, and held services. There are no records to show that there were any services from the time of her death until in 1866 when the Protestant Episcopal preachers began coming to the home of Mrs. John Ligon, a greatgrandsughter of Jacob Warwick. The first church to be built was Ammanuel Protestant Episcopal church consecrated in 1882. This church was built through the efforts of Dr. John Ligon and his family. It was later moved to its present location and called Grace Church. The children of Dr. Ligon are about the only members of this church. Their complete refusal to have any thing to do with other denominations has kept others from joining with this church. When it was rebuilt, every one helped to raise the money, thinking it was to be used by everyone, but when it was completed the other denominations found themselves left out.

Therefore, they held their services in the school house for a number of years. The first Union Sunday school held in the ashool house was organized in the spring of 1907 by James Derand of the Derand Lumber Company, with himself as Supt. Clover liek then began its growth as a flourishing lumber town, and this growth in population made it necessary to have a larger place in which to worship. So they began to make plans

for the building of a church to be used by all of the denominations living in the town.

F. S. Wise of the Wise Lumber Company gave \$100. in money and \$100. worth of lumber. Others began to collect money and to have church suppers. Soon enough was subscribed and paid to begin work on the church. The biggest obstacle was to obtain a suitable location. Finally, J. W. Barnes and Cora Barnes, his wife, gave to Maud Grimes and Irene Bussard a strip of land adjoining them, so that they in turn could give to the trustees of the church, a lot upon which to build, so on March 22, 1916 Maud M. Grimes and Ella Irene Buzzard, her mother, deeded a lot containing one half acre to John A. beverage, John W. Sharp, W. H. Barnes, H. E. Nixon and W. H. Young, trustees. Said church to be used by the following denominations; Methodist Episcopal, M. E. South, Presbyterians, and German Baptist Brethern, or any other denominations that the said trustees see proper to permit. I This lot was more suitably located than the land owned by the Barnes, that is the reason exchanges were made,)

The church was completed and dedicated in 1916 under the pastorate of M. H.Ramsey. At this time there were around 50 members of verious denominations. It was a mission point of Alexander -emorial fresbyterian church at Stony pottom from 1918 to 1928 with Mev. O. N. Miles as pastor. It has not had a fresbyterian pastor since that time, though the Methodists continued to preach there until in 1935 when the class had sotten so small that they could not meet their financial chligations. For a time, Mev. J. W. Pugh of the Bretherns had regular appointments in this church, when the lumber

companies left the town, so mapy of the members moved away
that at the present there are only six members, though there
are several new converts that would join the church if there
was a preacher to receive them into the church. At the present
there is no pastor of any denomination serving this church,
except that the Revs. A. R. and Mrs. Smith, Nazarenes from
Frank held a revival here in August 1940 and since that time
they have conducted prayer meetings on each Wednedday night,
though as yet they have not made any effort to get the new
converts to join the Nazarene church.

County people who have been active workers in this church are John Cunningham for many years class leader and supt., w. A. Barnes, Cora Barnes, Mary Sharp, John A. Beverage, Mary E. Beverage, Walter Byrd, Mrs. W. H. Young, Mrs. John Cunningham, Walter Hively, Sarah Hively, John W. Sharp Bupt. and class leader for 14 years. Carl Shields has been recently appointed Supt. to succeed Mr. Sharp. The teachers are Maud Collins, Savilla Shields teacher of the young people for about 15 years, John W. Sharp, Catherine Shields and Elizabeth Messler.

the present trustees are John W. Sharp, W. H. Young, Savilla Shields and Walter Byrd.

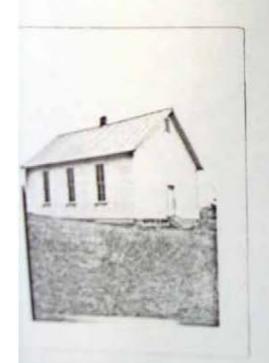
Note -- So many of the members of this church have been people who were here for only a few years, and had their membership transferred elsewhere as soon as they were established in a new home.

There are no church organizations.

4

This is one or the best furnished of any of the little country churches in the county. The walls are plastered the seats well made and comfortable, there is an organ and other necessary church furniture. As yet we do not have electric lights, but we do have Aladdin lights.

in whurch work, therefore the church has not been as influential as it should be, there was an average of 33 in the Sunday school for 1940, yet there are enough people here to have an average of 75 if people would go to church as they should. Many say they do not go because they do not like the leaders of the church, but I think this is only an excuse.



Source -- Mr. and Mrs. John Sharp

Maud Collins

Deed Book 53 page 267

The class book disappeared

from the church some years

ago, and no records can be
found.

printed in the Welsh dislect. This is the first Bible there is any record of having ever been brought to the waters of the Greenbrier.

per your print all the life and the large special rest file of district

and History of Pocahontas -- Price

July 2, 1940

Juanita 5. Dilley
Clover Lick, W.Va.
Pocahontas County
Chapter 6 section 1-b

### First Sunday School

Mrs. Jacob Warwick, who was a Miss Vance from North Carolina after her marriage lived at Clover Lick, gathered the first Sabbeth School ever taught in Pocahontas county. In the summer her servent would lift her on her horse, and she would then ride about four miles to a school house near where the Josiah Friel cabin stood, now in the possession of Jacob Sharp. The exercises would begin at about nine o'clock. There was no prayer, no singing; but she would the Bible, talk a great deal, and give good advice. The schollars would read their Bibles with her. The exercises would close at two in the afternoons. After this continuous session of five hours Mrs. Warwick would be so exhausted as to require assistance to arise and mount her horse.

It was her custom to go to William Sharps' dine, and rest a while, and then go home later in the day.

The school was mostly made up of Josiah Browns' family, John Sharps', William Sharps' and Jeremiah Friels'. The Rev. James Z. Moore once belonged to her Sabbath School, and received from her his earliest religious instructions. By common consent it is agreed that Mr. Moore did more for his church than any two ministers who have ever preached in this region.

Mrs. Marwick was eminently pious, and was a member of the Bindy wave Frasbyterian Church. She never felt herself more highly honored than when ministers would visit her home and preach. The visiting ministers would receive a nice horse, or something else valuable, as a token of appreciation. The Rev. Aretas Loomis came from Beverly, for a time, every four weeks and preached at the Warwick residence. She was highly emotional, and during services often appeared very happy. Not long before her death during one of Rev. Loomis' visits, she received the communion. Upon receiving the elements, her emotions became so great that she had to be carried to her bed, and for four weeks she was helpless from nervous prostration. She was never again out of her bed, and she died in 1823 at Clover Lick.

There were no services of any kind in connection with her burial.

In the year of I839 the first Sunday School in the county
to be held throughout the year was conducted at Huntersville
by Rev. J. M. Harris, who left his church in New Orleans and
came to the mountains for his health.

The first public notice of preaching service at Huntersville occurs in the diary of Rev. S. B. Witt, a Baptist minister. He spent a year or two in pioneer preaching in Pocahontas, bath, and Greenbrier about 1823 and 1824.

During his first visit to Huntersville a dancing schoel was in progress. The dancing master very politely took his
pupils to hear the sermon, but as soon as the preaching was
ever, went back to finish the dancing lesson. Here is an
extract from Dr. witt's diary:

A September 18, 1824 --- Preached today at Huntersville to a considerable congregation. At this place there is a dancing school just commencing, and as soon as the meeting was over

the greater part of the congregation returned to the ball roum and commenced dancing. On that I may be the honored instrument in the hands of the Almighty of bringing them to the knowledge of the truth." Many years after, William T. Price.

while a student at the seminary, made the acquaintance of Dr. Witt. He had not forgotten about the dance, and mentioned the Posges and Callisons as persons he well remembered.

house. Then when the academy was built in 1842 it was used as a place of worship by Methodist, Episcopalians, and Presbyterians. The Presbyterian church afterwards became the place where all denominations generally vorshipped. This building was erected about the jear 1855. It was used for barracks during the Civil Mer and was much defaced.

In the early summer of 1865 the Rev. M. D. Dunlap and d.T.Price were engaged in the first sacramental meeting held after the war. A detachment of federal troops from Buchsmon passed through the town, rode around the church, locked in at the broken windows, examined the horses with critical eyes, and religious services were going on all the while without even pausing. Sermon and sacramental services over, Rev. Dunlap, who had rode in from the country that morning and hitched his horse near the church, went to get his horse and found that it had been taken away as a "branded horse". During Averill's retreat through the Little Levels this horse was abandoned as worn out. Rev. Dunlap had taken it up and put it in some at Hillsboro on a borrowed horse.

Sampson Mathews gathered a Sunday School in their home. The scholars were Isaac, Ruth and James McCollem, Claiborne and James and Elizabeth McNeill, and Joshua Buckley, also Johathan McNeill. Mr. Mathews would read a chapter and offer prayer.

Mrs. Mathews did most of the teaching. The exercises would open at ten o'clock, and have a recess at noon. In the yard was an arbor formed by a luxuriant hop vine. Under its shade the children would sit and enjoy their luncheon brought from their homes. After recess the school would meet and continue two or three hours. The summers of 1825 and 1827 were occupied in this useful manner. In his religious sentiments Mr. Mathews was a Presbyterian from conviction, and for years he was the sole representative of the New School branch.

Henry Arbogast was a person of high natural endowments, and was highly respected for many good qualities.

He was a local preacher in the pale of the Methodist Episcopal church, and "cried aloud and spared not" when denounccing the fashionable foibles of his times. He once preached a sermon from the text: "pray without ceasing". The sermon
was largely taken up in a description of the Magic Carpet we
read about in the Arabian Nights Entertainments. He used it
as an illustration showing that the prayerful soul has in
prayer something far more to the purpose than the magic carpet ever was or could be. He was an enthusiast in his religious views. To him Methodistism was the chief of all the
prevailing "isma"- the one "ism" that was altogether lovely,
and he made no secret of it. During the Civil War, he was a

cause. When last seen alive he and his neighbor Eli Buzzard were in charge of some persons claiming to be Confederates Scouts. A few days afterwards these two civilians were found dead near the roadside. From the attitude in which his body was found it is believed he died in the act of prayer, heedin the text referred to above.

James Wanless was a zealous local preacher, and rarely ever spent a silent Sabbath. He seems to have had great admiration for John the Baptist as a model backwoods preacher. It was evidently his belief that it was his duty to lift up a voice in the Pocahontas wilderness against the vanities of the times. His spirit would be deeply stirred by the advent of a new fashion, and he would look up Mathew xi.8 for his text: "But what went ye out for to see? A man clothed in soft raiment? Behold they that wear soft clothing are in kings houses". While commenting on the wearing of soft reiment he would assign to the fashions and the vices their portion in due season, as he thought it was needed. "Now just consid er what I may, my brethern and hearers, how would John the Baptist have looked in a swallow tailed coat, pointed toed shoes, pipe, whickey bottle and stove-pipe hat." The devout people felt it would have been out of the question for John to have been fond of such things, and many of the young people from their talk evidently thought that to be in the fashion was to make a long step in the downward path. While it is hard to suppressour smiles, still it must be acknowledged that when it was felt to be a Christian duty to be plain and sconomical, it maved a vast deal of needless expenditure and it was not so expensive to rear a family. Prices - Thistory of Pres.

#### RELIGION

When Martha Davis McNeel accompanied her pioneering bridegroom to their new home in the Little Levels she carried with her a sturdily bound volume printed in her native Welch dialect. It was the first Bible to be taken into that particular portion of the frontier, and it is not hard to imagine with what fervor she clasped this remnant of the sheltered life as the wilderness closed in behind her. Martha McNeel's Bible had more than a little effect upon the future of the Church in lowere Pocahontas.

John McNeel and the Kinnison brothers peeled the ankxbark

West Virginia Writers Project RESIDERCH IDENTIFICATION REPORT

Subject Pocahontas County History Date January 24, 1941
Chapter 6, Religion

Typist Juanita S. Dilley

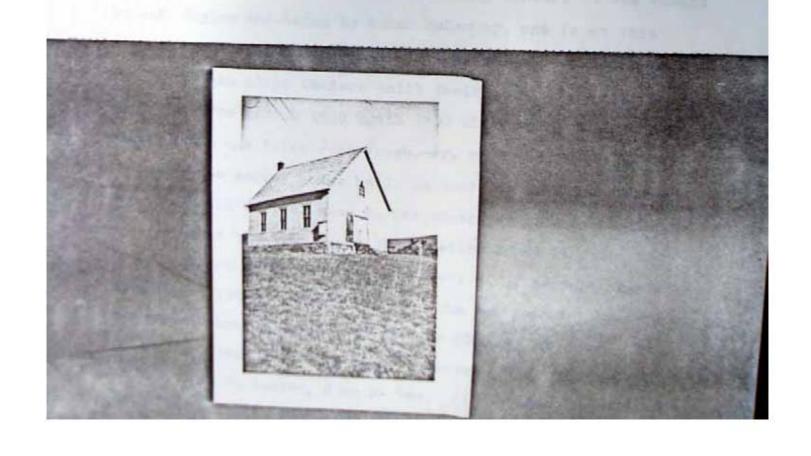
Source Church records

Deed Books Bolar McKenney, S. P. Landis, Rev. Skeggs Mrs

McClure and Mrs. Mattie Mann Poage.

Research Worker Juanite S .- Dilley .- Date Research Taken Jan. 22, 23,

Date Filed



Juanita S. Dilley recahentas county January 24, 1941 Chapter 6 Religion

MOUNT PLEASANT METHODIST CHURCH---INDIAN DRAFT

An old Sunday School record in this church shows that
the first Sunday school in this community was organized in
1840. It is believed by older people that it was organized
by the Rev. James E. Moore and the Rev. John Waugh, both
residents of this community. (Rev. Waugh had moved to the
Indian Draft from Mt. Zion some time just before the Civil War,)
These first services were held in an old log school house
near the present church. In 1868 snother log school house was
built just across the road, and from that time until 1893
this log building was used as a community center. It was bought
by Andy Taylor and later by Bolar McKenney, and is at this
time the residence of McKenney. Rev. Waugh and Rev. Moore were
the Supts. and class leaders until their death. After their
death, or from around 1880 until 1900 Glark Mann, Levi Waugh,
Samuel Waugh and later John Waugh, Jr. were the leaders.

The new school house built in 1893 was used for church services until in 1922 when it was converted into a church.

At that time the Board of Education found it necessary to build a two room school, so the Rev. G. S. Weiford edeededed them a lot upon which to build the new school in exchange for the old school house, paying them \$300. Additional factorial for the old school house, paying them \$300. Additional factorial for the old school house, paying them \$300. Additional factorial for the old school house, paying them \$300. Additional factorial for the wife, on Boy. 21, 1922, G. S. Weiford and Rebecca Weiford, his wife, decided to A. B. Barlow, John D. Gay, J. O. Cogar, N. H. Shearer, and G. S. Weiford, trustees, this school house property of \$24 sq. ft. to use as a place of Divine worship for the use of the ministry and membership of the H. S. Church and the

H. S. Church, South, that the M. E. Church, aforesaid, shall at all times have the seniority right of using and controlling the same.

Mev. G. S. Weiford also lived in this community and was for many years Supt. and Class Leader, after him was A. Neal Barlow who held this position until his death in 1936.

In the church is an old Bible presented to the church in 1873 by Henry Barlow, Mary Poage, A. J. Smith, John C. Price, Enoch Moore, Montgomery G. Mathews, John Gay, Esq., George P. Moore and James E. Moore.

In 1886 some one had made a complete record of the names of all persons who had been members of this Sunday school from 1840 to 1886. It was as follows; Thomas Auldridge, Sarah Auldridge, Elizabeth Auldridge, Mary Auldridge, James Auldridge, Henry Auldridge, Moffett Auldridge, George A. C. Auldridge, Julia Auldridge, William Auldridge, Malinda Auldridge, Maggie Auldridge, Ida Auldridge, Laura Arbaugh, John Arbaugh, Susan Arbaugh, Davis W. S. Alderman, James Bridger, Andrew Bridger, Jane Bridger, Hannah Bridger, Susan Bridger, Joseph Bridger, Maggie Bridger, Amos Barlow, P. A. Barlow, Dolly Barlow, Dora Barlow, James E. Courtney, Ann Courtney, Andrew Courtney, Thomas Courtney, George Courtney, Jane Courtney, Julia Courtney, Esnash Courtney, Margaret Duncan, Caraline Duffield, G. W. Duffield, John Friel, Jane Friel, Jos. F. Friel, W. T. Friel. Hary Friel, Hargaret Friel, Daniel Friel, A. H. Friel, Montgomery Friel, Barbara Friel, Martha Friel, Ann Friel, Satora Friel. Smorge Friel, Frances Dilley. Levi Baverage. Lillian Meverage, Maggie Baverage, Hannah Gay, Sarah Way.

Samuel Gay, William Gay, John Gay, Sallie Gay, Mary Gay, Levi Gay, M. B. Griffin, William Griffin, Virginia Hamilton, Susan Hamilton, Alice Hamilton, Mary Hamilton, Sallie Harper, William Irvine, Samuel B. Moore, Chesley K. Moore, Margaret Moore, James E. Moore, Margaret Jane Moore, Levi Moore, Henry Moore, William Moore, Martha McNeel, Mary McNeel, Nancy McNeel, John McNeel, Joseph McNeel, Clark Mann, Pheobe Mann, Mattie Mann, Walter Mann, Orval Mann, Maggie Mann, Susie Mann, Mack Mann, Billie Mann, Hammond Mann, Mac Mann, Daisy Mann, Woods Poage, Julia Poage, Moffett Poage, William Poage, James R. Poage, Henry Poage, Rankin Poage, Elizabeth Poage, Mary Poage, Sarah Poage, Amanda Poage, Rebecca Poage, David Smith. William Smith, Jonathan Smith, Tacy Smith, Margaret Knapp. Robert Knapp, Thomas Kellison, Etta Kellison, Mary Smith, Robert Smith, Martin Smith, Alsa Smith, John Smith, James Smith, Sarah Smith, Polly Smith, Margaret Smith, Rachel Smith. Issac Smith, Mathew Smith, Rachel Smith, Elizabeth Smith, Caroline Smith, Mary Towyman, and M. G. Mathews.

This record not only gave the names but told who they were the son, daughter or wife of there was also a list of all of those who had died. Minutes of each session of S. S. had been kept telling who read the scripture and what passage, what hymns had been sung and who had played the music, who had lead in prayer, tee. As organists appeared the names of Lula Waugh and Aggie Gay.

The record did not give the date of Jeining the Sunday school nor the date of death, but I know that some of the names were there before the Civil War, for Moffett and William Posge were both killed during the war, and Frances Dilley who is listed as being the wife of Moffett Posge, died soon after the war. And James Bridger left Pocahontas and went west just before the war.

The Bridgers, Knapps, and Friels lived on Greenbrier River, the Poages at Poage Lane, and some of the others in adjoining communities, which shows how far people journeyed to attend church.

This is one of the oldest Sunday schools in the county. They have always had compitent, christian leadership, which is probably one reason for its success.

At the present there is an enrollment of 45 in the S. S. With rete Landis as the Supt, and G. P. Baxter as the Assistant, The teachers are Mrs. G. P. Baxter, Trudie McKenney, Lena McKenney, Iva Landis. Other workers are Susie McKenney, James Dinkle, Tipton Dilley, Naoma McKenney and Genevieve McKinney. The present trustees are S. P. Landis, J. O. Cogar and Lawrence McKenney.

They have prayer meeting every Friday night and community song service every first Sunday and on fifth Sundays. In 1940 they met all of their financial obligations, and Hev. h. H. Skaggs, the present pastor, told me that it was one of the best appointments on the Edray circuit.

Juanita S. Dilley Clover Lick, W. Va. Segtember 5, 1940 Chapter 6 section 2

### BROWNS CREEK M. P. CHURCH

The Browns Creek class was organized some time not long after the vivil War. I have not found any of the bld church records, as none of the Methodist Protestant records available date back as none of the Methodist Protestant records available date back prior to 1908. No one seems to know what became of the old ones up to that time. But. I did find in the home of Amy Moore an old Sunday School record that dated back to 1889. It gave the adult class as follows: James W. Warwick, Jr. as Supt. . Adam Moore, Charles L. Hoore, William T. Moore, Floyd Moore. Jacob Laury, John Laury, J. W. Logan, Dora Gabbert, John E. McLaughlin, W. C. Gabbert, Sallie Moore, A. W. Curry, Bettie M. Moore, Wm. T. Gabbert, Matilda Gabbert, J. W. Laury, George S. Griffin, Annis Moore and Mary E. Curry. The record shows these same people enrolled year after year.

At this time they worshiped in an old school house that stood near where the home of Mrs. Annis McLaughlin now is. In 1977 a new school house was built freethe from the Charles L. moore and willing and the church services were moved to this new location. In 1930'S this school was consolidated with the nuntersville school and the prowns breek school house was bought and dedicated as church by the methodist Protestant members, but when the Methodist churches were united this class was officially transferred to the Methodist church at muntersville, the church is no longer used.

The church roll for 1908 gives the following people as combars of this church. William Moore, Walter Grimes. Wallace McLaughlin, h. a. McLaughlin, hearte mcLaughlin, Sallie moore.

urs. Annis McLaughlin, Ivy Moore, Mrs. Joseph Gabbert, Mrs. Madera Gabbert, Hallie Gabbert, Birdie Gabbert, Anna Mary McLaughlin, Minnie E. Phillips, and Ada Grimes. In 1910, the Gabbert femily moved away and they were transferred to Meadow Creek. It will be noticed that a few of the names that appeared on the Sunday School record also appears on the church record, although many of those on the S. S. record had passed away before 1908.

The Moores, McLaughlins, Gabberts and Grimes have always largely made up this congregation. The Moores were about the earliest settlers on Browns Creek and the Descendants still live there.

Some one had started to use the old S. S. record to make a fire and had torn out some of the pages, and Amy Moore had brought it to her home to keep it from being destroyed.

At the time this class was transferred to Huntersville there ters only ten members.

Some of the ministers who have served this congregation are s. H. Dimmers, J. W. Mathews, H. D. Sloan and Arthur W. Lowe.

william Moore, one of the faithful and loyal members of this church had a heart attack and died in the church while he was there for the morning worship.

#### BROWNS MOUNTAIN

This was always a school house appointment gerved by the same pastors as were the other M. P. appointments.

Records show that this class was organized by nev. O. P. McMeill on Sept. 4, 1912 and was made up of the following members. Missbeth Sampson, Michard Sampson, Edward Sampson, Cinda Sampson, Sirdis webbert McLaughlinitransferred from Browns Greek).

and sisis Collins. It never grew to be a very big class and seems to have been dropped as a preaching appointment in 1918. The last church services of any kind held at this place was by Amy Moore sharp who held a Bible Study class there as a part of her Adult Education program. This was in 1937-39. There is no services of any kind there at the present time.

DOUTHARDS CREEK and COCHRANS CREEK

These two appointments are not mentioned by Dr. Barnes, but church records show that there were smalll classes organized at both of these places as early as 1908, perhaps organized before that, as I said before that none of these record go back further than that.

The Cochrens Creek class had sixteen members in 1908.

Isaac P. Dean, Rebecca A. Dean, Blanche Dean, Manila Dean, Lucy

Dean, Rush Alderman, Phebe Alderman, Wm Alderman, Clarence Alder
man, Carl Dean, William Rorke, Mary Rorke, Cecil Dean, Forest

Dean, and Catherine Simmers. These were school house officiality

From- church records -- and people in the verious communities. Rev. simpson and Rev. Fowler.

Chapter 6
July 2, 1940

The First Church in Pocahontas County

White Pole Church

This church was built by John McNeel, the first permanent settler in the county, to show his gratitude to God for all his providential care, after all his wanderings and fears to permit him to find such a pleasant, wealthy place in which to live. It was dedicated, "To the worship of the Builder of the Universe." It is one of the very first churches to be built west of the Allegheneys. It is said that Bishop Asbury, the great Apostle of Methodism was the first minister who visited the Little Levels as early as 1789, and that he preached in : the little White Pole Church. The tradition is doubtless true, for it is substantiated by general records of the church. It appears that the first organization was perfected here in 1789, and at that time the members composing the church were: John McNeel, Martha McNeel, James Levis and wife Elexander Waddell and wife, Charles Kennison, Jacob Kennison, Mrs. James Brinnell, John Switzer and wife, Michard Hill, Manoy Hill, and Abraham McNeel and wife.

The deep hold that Methodism held in the Little Levels for a hundred years or more can be explained when I say that the men and women who built the White Pole Church laid the foundation of the Methodist Church in Pocahontas County.

Hartha Davis MoNeel, wife of John Holleel brought with her to her now home in the Little Levels, a part of her downy, a Bible

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Source May. T. H. Goodsin Date Filed Research Taken 200. 12, 1941

Local matte county

-1-

First Baptist Church of Cuss - (Golored)

Shaptor 5 - Section 2

and in the summer time, in the groves. Now their services are held in the school house.

The first members were:

John Farks

Joe Tyson

Jon Engter

parrie Buntar

John Grens

George Gilbert

Mattie Scott

Thora pavis

Charlie -avia

ville -avis

Lingie Gilbert

a manuel lyson

As justors have been:

.... I. H. Bood in

white from monogverte

F. a. Burner from wavis

1. .. Bood in the serves this church new and

in 1. 15, the rest Virginio bulp and waper Jonpany

and cass for a burial ground for the colored people. The moties more moved to this cemetery. The white people of the community bought the wire, donated the fence posts and helpsi the colored people fence the cemetery.

There is an evergreen Sunday School here with an enrollment of thirty-five. The Supt. is Ether Tyson.

The Jeacons of the church are:

George Cilbert

Jumes Stemart

The B.Y.P.U. (Buptist Young reoples Union) meets every comist at six o'clock. The president is Cliver Tyson.

The president of the momens Mislionary pociety is Mrs.

nogular preaching services are conducted the second confer of each month by the Nev. Goodwin. Once each month way. Assaignon preaches in this curch.

the mourch has been rending money to africe regularly calcure last year to the Flood welief Fund. They also take up contributions for the poer.

helps and encourages this church.

at the present time the congregation is trying to reise the money to buy a church and they hope to have a building of their own in the very near future.

Information: Nev. I. H. Goodwin

West Virginia Writers' Project RESEARCH IMPORTATION REPORT

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Besearch Worker "elle 1. montag hlin | Inte Research Taken et B. 30, Feb. 12,

Typist - 110 T. LODGU Tlin

Date Typed 166. 14 1941

Source Law. I. H. Goodkin

Date Filed

-he\_ter S - westion 1 & 2

Mt. alon Baptist Church - (Colored) - Marlinton

in 1878. This is the oldest Hegre church in the county.
in 1878. This is the oldest Hegre church in the county.
their services were held in an old abandoned log building
that had been used for a school house. At this time t
that had been used for a school house. At this time t
the oher by the name of Goleman Booze malked through from
virginia cade each year and held services here.

The first embers were:

Jamel Freeman

Lary a John Junningham

Lary a Julia Arris

Titus a Violet carter

Dave a Julia Brooks

Clay massey

Lones and William Massey

Jenny Massie,

Justin a Jen Graves

Tamar Stewart

William Miller

The church are reorganized in 1899 and the congregation that he at building a church building on Browns Lountain, but mera defined against it by Nev. I. M. Goodwinn, who had resently settled there and man teaching and preaching in the little pages settlement on prowns Lountain at the time.

. . s Asv. soodsin men that there would be no permanent

work here and that they would soon have to move.

very soon some of the families moved to Larlinton there work might be had and the church was also moved.

The white people gave them the school house in Price Collon and this they used for several years. From here they noved to an old frome building which stood against the hill opposite there the freight depot now stands.

Justin Bird, Lot a 1 in the Birds Addition to the town of Apriliation, and deeded to George Gilmer, Jacob Robinson, and accepted to Beorge Gilmer, Jacob Robinson, a. A. Gumin-han, Trustees for the Lt. Aion Baptist Church. The hool at the that at the time the deed was made, the church building had already been erected upon the lot.

The nev. I. H. woodwin and James Harris did most of the tork of building the church.

people. The new. Goodwin, who gave most of this information, says that he presented at different places in fue or and non-delph counties and helped raise the money to pay for the church, so spend up the first bank account for the church and deposited every penns that he could raise, taking nothing for his said expense. So is one of the most highly respected soloral mitisans of the county. Sesides presching once a mathematical depities and warsh at the present time, he is indeed of the street mathematical sank mulding. Then he left has all died and the street mathematical sank mulding. Then he left

The postors who have served this church are:

agy. Coleman Booms

- n .. D. oliver
- " Madison Boggs
- . ... Uraney
- n wm. Kenny
- " I. H. Goodwin
- n Robert Allen
- " C. C. Legan

the officers of the shurch are:

Deacon: J. D? Filmore

Church Clerk - J. ". Tibbs

The membership of the church of the present time is about fifty persons.

frere is a bunday school all the year and the enroll-

ment is shout tharty-five.

Die Supt. 12 - J. U. Gilmore

lose ors - line J. Knapper

Ida durnes

Harriott Larroy

.ressurer - J. C. Gilmore

Libration - alougd sorris

The comess shareh society is called the "Charity Glub"

F was - - - The Loving

wood. - "oriett imrey

to be to the later of he proposed time.

West Virginia Writers' Project

# RESEARCH 103: TIFIGATION REPORT

### Pocahontas County

Subject County History; - Chapter -6 -- Pate December -6, 1940

Typist Juanita S. Dilley

Source Deed Book 19 page 127

Ellen Foster

Charlott Wheeler

Hescarch Worker Juanita S. Dilley Date Research Taken November 29,

Late Typed November 6, 1940

Inte Filed

Juanita J. Dilley Clover Lick, R. Va. Poenhontas County Chapter & Religion

# Pleasant Green M. E. Church-- Colored

This church is located about two miles from Seebert. A date on the corner stone shows that it was built in the year of 1888. The deed for the land was given by W. L. McNeel and M. L. McNeel, his wife on September 22, 1888, to George Lee, C. W. Lee, E. N. Grent, W. D. McGoy and menry Anderson ( all colored), trustees for the Methodist Episcopal church. A tract of land containing one acre more or less and situated in the Little Levels on the road leading from the colored school house, at the upper end of the T. C. Wooddell field. In consideration of the sum of \$30. one half of this smount to be subscribed and donated by the party of the first part and the remaining one half to be paid in money.

This church was built under the pastorate of the new. Ben Ferkins, and was completed and opened for services in 1889, but was not paid for and dedicated until during the year of 1909.

The old original charter members were: George Pryor, George Lee, James Lee, Sarah Lee, Biddie Lee, Charles Lee, Herbert Lee, Charles Pryor, Leann Anderson, Henry Pryor, Tom Thompson, Irene Thompson, Lacy Stewart, Charles Stewart, Silas Lee, Susie Lee, Elijah Grant, Lizzie Grant, Julia Lee, Ben Lacy, Sally Lacy, Odas Taylor, Ers. Odas Taylor, Sinah Taylor, John Bolden, Marriet Bolden, Andrew Jackson, Vandalia Jackson.

at the present time there are around twenty-five members, with slorence sibbs as the number of the state of t

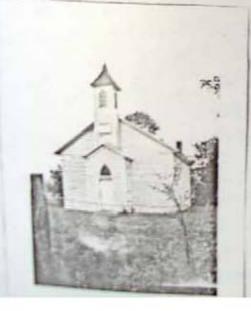
the assistant aupt. Other church workers are vernie bolden and mattie Tibbs.

the church needs some repairs, but the old shingle roof has recently been replaced by a metal roof, and a new flue has been built.

there are no church organizations such as missionary societies etc, in this church.

The M. E. Church, Colored have four appointments in the county. At Pleasant Green near beebert, at Marlinton, Brownsburg, and at Durbin. Though they have no church building at Durbin, but have an old building of some kind fixed up to use for services. There are about 80 members on the four appointments, and they are all served by the same pastor, Nev. Graham.

From--Ellen Foster Charlott wheeler Deed Book no. 19 page 127



Juenita 3. Diller Clover Lick, 1. Va. Pocahontas County Chapter 6- Religion November 20, 1940

MEN HOPA M. E. CHURCH - BULGARD COMMUNITY between Frost and Dummore

- community built a brick house where Cornelius Buzzerd now lives. It was in this house they had all of their first preaching services. The young folks, their shoes in hend, walked to Greenlank to church on Sunday. On their return they attended sunday School and prayer meeting which was conducted in John suttons barn. When they did all of their shopping at Hot aprings, Virginia, with only a narrow path wide enough for a mach horse, we do not wonder that they made no more than four trips a year, and that they treasured their shoes.
- I Their first church was of logs built about 1878. The deal for the land on which this church was built was given Cacamber 16, 1878 by Morgan Buznard and shode his wife to campeon Buznard. Clark Dilley, Mane B. Grimes, Stephen H. Manless and Armenius Buznard, trustees. 2 acres and 4 poles for the sum of v1.00.

A Bone of the early members were: Morgan Bunnard, campson bunnard, Silenor Bunnard, shods bunnard, Peter Buseard, Sateline Bunnard, Sareh Lindsny, John Lindsny, Sally Grimes, Inte B. Grimes, Selly Arbogant, Clark Dilloy, Margaret

Dilley, and Frances Buscard.

About 1900 the prople of the community decided that this old church was no longer safe to use for it looked as if it wer going to fall down, so they decided to build a new church on the same lot.

rimber was plantiful and there was a saw mill in the executity owned by b. A. bushard. It was agreed the people would contribute timber enough to build the church and have it envel on this mill. It was completed in 1903 at a cost of \$1100. All of this amount was paid by the people of the community with the exception of \$500, which was paid by the church extension. James Gragg and O. B. Sharp were the carpenters. The building committee consisted of George Arbogast, Howard Bussard, Ellis Bussard and P. Moore, but Sward and allis Bussard were the main ones who went shead with the mork.

John Lindsey, Howard Bussard and George Arbogset tere the original trustees.

The delicatory sermon was preached by Rev. George P. House from sarey.

This church was used by the Methodists for many years. but as the years ment by several Brethern moved into the upmanity out the Methodists let then use the church. At the process the Methodist nimister premohen tro Sundays per which and the prethern minister the other two Sundays, though both is primetions attend all services regardless of he was tion, and all vership together in the Sunday School.

They have a very good Sunday School with an average attendance of 55 for the past year. There are no Ladies Aid or any other church organizations.

James Wilfong, Charles Wilfong, Anthony Barnett, Mrs. Wash Hill, Mrs. Lucy Moore and John Lindsay, with Ed. Galford, E. r. Shinsberry, Anthony Barnett, Pansey Shinaberry, Charles Wilfong and Harry Bussard as the main church workers.

# Present trustees: Anthony Barnett, Charles Wilfong and Edward Galford.

Present Stewards: Hrs Cecil Shinaberry, Anthony Sernett and Charles Wilfong.

\* From- History of Dunmoreby Ella Pritchard

W Church Records

# Court Records

X Anthony Barnett

X Howard Bussard

## OFFICE LETTER

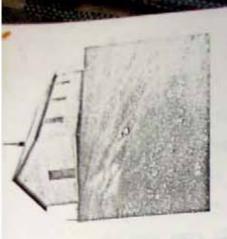
To bruce Grawford, State Directoffice Date September 23, 1940

From Junnits S. Dilley Office Referring to

Subject Pictures of Fairview & Clawson Churches

Separate sheet for each subject. Omit all formalities. For office letters only.

I had this material ready to send in Friday, with the exception of pictures of Fairview and Clawson churches. I sent those to have them developed about ten days ego and have not gotten them back yet, therefore I am not going to wait any longer. I will send them as soon as I get them.



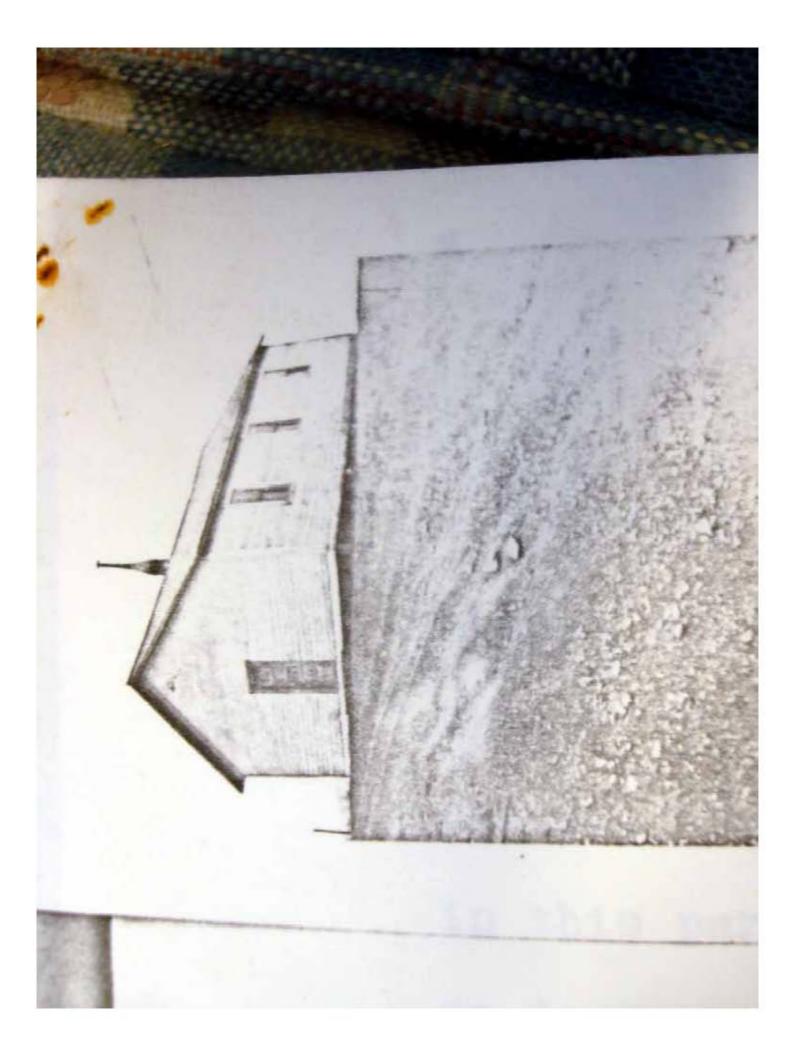
Juanita 3. Dillay Pocahontas County Chapter 6 Religion February 12, 1911

### CHURCH OF GOD DENOMINATION

Brush Run Church

The first services held in the Brush Kun comunity were held in the grove by circuit riders who came through during the summer months. This was before they had a school house. kev. S. J. Boggs a local preacher and the first of the Church of God ministers in this county was holding a meeting in the school house. He proposed the building of a prayer meeting house, but others said it must be a church built in the usual manner. Therefore, on February 25, 1922 a deed for land upon which to build was given by Follen Lambert and Sally Lambert his wife, to C. M. Keller, S. J. Boggs, E. Z. Mullennax, James B. Waybright, O. J. Mullennax, J. H. Slater, and Follen Lambert, trustees for the Brush Hun Chapel. A Union Church-"to-wit" The Church of God, Methodist and brethern, or their Successors. Witnesseth that for and in consideration of the sum of \$25. cash, a certain tract of land in Greenbank District, etc. It is agreed to am understood that all Uhristian denominations (excepting Koman Untholics and Normans) are to have the privilege of using the property herein conveyed.

For a number of years the three denominations did use the shurch, but because of such widely different beliefs the arethern and Methodists decided that it was causing confusion among their numbers and that it would be best to windraw from the church, and get away from these doctrins in which they could not bring themselves to could be best to there went form to



ehurch at Boyer, was one of the first to become a member of the church at Boyer, was one of the first to become a member of the church of God. He became a local preacher of this Brush Run church of God. He became a local preacher of this denomination church. Since this is the only church of this denomination in this part of the county, its membership includes people in this part of the county, its membership includes people as far away as Cheat Bridge. For a long time this was a very strong church, but it has gone down somewhat since Robert Gilmer moved to Durbin. He was the Supt. and Song leader and the main one who kept the church work in progress. Leonard Hoover, a local boy, is the pastor at the present. There are 20 members. James Waybright was the Supt for a number of years before Gilmer took over those duties.

In 1929 the old Cummings Greek school house was bought
by the Church of God people and a class was organized at that
place. The deed was made on the 16 day of December, 1929 by
the Board of Education of Huntersville District, of the first
part and Mary A. V. Pyles, Enoch Taylor and Mary Smith, trustees
of the church of God, which meets annually at Anderson, Indiana,
of Huntersville, W. Va. parties of the second part.
Beid property was advertised for sale and the trustees of the
Church of God bid it in at cl25. "It is understood and agreed
that there is also granted and conveyed all of the double seats
in the school building located upon said lot. It is further
stipulated that the premises herein mentioned are conveyed as
a place for holding Divine worship and that the same may be used
for acid purposes by any evengelical denomination when not in
use by the Ghurch of God."

There are 15 members on vumnings wreek, but they do not have a regular pastor.

These people do not believe in church organization. Their teaching is that the church was organized by God in the beginning and that you become a member of the church when you are born of the spirit, and without any ceremony of receiving you into the church by a pastor. They say that no where in the Bible is man authorised to take any one into the church. That you become a member of the church by spiritual birth just as you become a member of a family by a physical birth. They keep no records, believe only in the New Testament, and they believe in Biyine healing. They are hampered by no creeds, so they say, but have an open mind to receive the light when and as revealed to them by God.

This fighting all organization is one of their main teachings and the one that brought conflict between them and other denominations.



# OFFICE LETTER

OS TOCKOT CASSON	Date November 8, 1940
Gravford, State	Referring to
From	File

Separate sheet for each subject. Omit all formalities. For office letters only.

The Poage Lane community is my home community.

By mothers people, the Poages, and my fathers people, the

Shinsberrys have been in the community since the Civil Mar

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and I grew up knowing the history of its churches, though I

have need every available record, which was few, and have

consulted all of the oldest inhabitants for a check on my

1-1028

Forg. I am especially indebted to Mrs. Bayanah Beverage Waugh.

9 S. D.



Junnita 5. Dilley Clover bick, W. Va. POCAHONTAS COUNTY Chapter 6 Religion Hovember 8, 1940

# CHURCHES AT POAGE LAME -- near Clover Lick

The very first church services in this community were held in a school house on the lands of woods Poage and at another school house near the Tom house, where a man by the name of Tom school house is still called Tom Hollow.

The first church to be built was an old log church, dedicated union Chapel Church, but always called Beverage Church. The deed for the land was given November 25, 1873 by Jacob Beverage, Sr. for the land was given November 25, 1873 by Jacob Beverage, Sr. and Susan his wife, to I. W. Allen, Levi Beverage, William B. Ennach, John A. Beverage and Isaac Shinabery, trustees. The Church was built and dedicated the following year (1874). Although it was not ceiled for about ten years, at which time Marcus baugh was given the contract to do the work. He tongue and grooved the lumber by hand and put up the ceiling in three wasks.

Savanah Beverage Waugh, daughter of Jacob Beverage, Jr., tells he that when she was a girl this old church was always filled with people on Sunday, and that she has known as many as 50 children and young people to be enrolled in the Sunday school at one time, besides the many adults who attended, making the attendance around 100. Most of the people of the community had rather large families, and every one vent to church in those days.

This was a union whurch from 1874 to 1890, and was used by all branches of Hethodists and Dunkards. Those who were early

members of this church, as ere remembered by the older people, are

Jacob Beverage, Sr. \_\_\_ Susan Beverage

Levi Beverage -----Jame Beverage

Jacob Beverage, Jr. ---- Rachel Beverage John Beverage ----- Mary Beverage

I. Walton Allen ----- Eliza Allen Abraham Shinaberry ----- Mildred Shinaberry

Issac Shinaberry -----Jerusha Shinaberry

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Shinaberry

Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Kreamer

Mr. and Mrs William B. Hannah

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Chinaberry

Mr. and Mrs. Marion Hay

Mr. and Mrs. Brooks Ware

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Carr

Mr and Mrs. James Friel

Mev. Joseph Beverage was a local preacher at this church. Some of these were Methodists and some of them Dunkards, but they always worshiped together, and went to hear all the preschers regardless of denomination. It is said that while the Dunberds ill not usually shout, that they enjoyed seeing the Hethodists shout. Levi Beverage always shouted when they sang "Play on the Jolian darps". Once when the Dunkards were having their foot washing, Jame Beverage got happy and shouted all over the church bersfooted. The went up to the preacher, Joe Miller, and said. "If my way of worshiping does not suit you, you can just tere at neme from the church roll? But he sunvered, "distor Jene, worship your God the way he tells you to." (The Dunderds did not

believe in shouting). The rest of the members politely waited until she was through shouting and back to her place, then they went on with the foot washing.

These people were great for having basket dinners and all day meetings. They sometimes had as many as four in one surner.

in 1890 Jacob Beverage, Jr. and Rachel his wife deeded
the Union Chapel church property to the Methodist Episcopal
Church, but it was to be used by all evangellical denominations.

Sur 1908 The hours of Chas. Shimaberry has
with all of its appurtenances. and galant Saverage gard fine the his his
By 1900 the people of this side of the Poage Lane commun-

ity had passed away or moved elsewhere, and the other side of the community had become more thickly populated, so the church services were transferred to the present Poage Lane school house. This school house was used as a community center from that time until 1919 when the Woods Poage Chapel was built. Some of those who were class leaders at the school house were: Levi Beverage, John beverage, Jacob Waugh, Susan Malcomb, George Malcomb, Lydia McClung, Davis Shinsberry and areie McClung.

John Beverage and Mary Beverage, his wife, lived two miles ever jet rarely if ever missed a service. They had two black horses that they rode to church, and people of the community still remember thes two good people though they have been dead many years.

In 1919 the people of the Poage Lane community had a chance to buy a church building that had been built by the Lumber Company at Relwood, and since the company had moved out and most of the people with it, the church was no longer being used. This was a two story building, who lower story was used as a church and

upper story as a lodge hall. The church was torn down and moved to its present location at Poage Lane. The money was raised by to its present location at Poage Lane. The money was raised by subscription, and much of it was paid by people in currounding subscription, and much of it was paid by people in currounding subscription. It was built at a time when lumbering was at its communities. It was built at a time when lumbering was at its height in this section of the county, and it was not difficult to collect money for church purposes.

The lot was given by Quincy W. Poage and Mattie A. Poage to the trustees who were John R. Poage, J. O. Mann, Q. M. Poage and Charles Shinsberry.

While the church was dedicated Woods Ponge Chapel, in memory of Woods Fonge the first settler in the community and father of the two Ponge brathers for which the community was named, it is usually called Ponge Lane Church. It cost about \$1000, when completed, and was a one story building with comfortable seats, and heated by to wood stoves. It was built under the partorets of O. R. Miles, Presbyterian, and C. B. Sutlidge, Methodist. It was deeded to the Presbyterians but was to be open to all denominations when not in use by the Presbyterians. This church was for many, years a mission point of Alexander Memorial shurch at Stony Bottom, Rev. O. A. wiles was for twelve years (1918-1920) pastor of this church and the only Presbyterian pastor they have had.

It was used by the Methodists until in 1926 when it was discontinued as a Methodist appointment. Since 1930 it has been used the Brothern with w. a. Pugh as the pastor. At the present time there is only a few Methodist and Prophyterian numbers, but saits a sless of Brothern. (these Brothern contribute vary little toward the space; of the church, and since the other classes are as small the shareh is in meet of repair.)

Among the class leaders of verious denominations in this church since it was built in 1919, are J. U. Hann, Woodsie Poage, Charles Shinaberry, Ida Grimes, Georgia C. Shinaberry and Mary Dominici, also Annie Gragg.

Winer-members include U. a. Prices, Upol disturbery

Most of the people take little interest in the church any more, and the only Junday Johool they had this summer was conducted by Georgia C. whinaberry for the young people and children, she being the only adult who came. However, most of the Brathern members managed to get out to preaching twice a month.

In 1938 the people hired Ellis Allen to put a new roof on the church, and Opal Chinaberry gave a new Alladin lamp to help light it, but it still needs some repairs very much.

Important Things in the Deed to Union Chapel

November 35, 1873- Jacob Beverage and Susan his wife, parties of the first part and I. W. Allen, Levi Beverage, william b. Hannah, John A. Beverage and Isaac Shineberry, trustees, parties of the Second part- for the consideration of one dollar- doth convey to the above trustees and their successors in office one half acre more or less that they shall erect and build or cause to be erected or built a house or place of public worship of Almighty God for the use of the members and friends of the various evangalical denominations residing within convenient distance of said house of worship. Said trustees shall originate and maintain a regular corporative government among themselves, which shall be renewed as often as occasion Thy require. In the event a vacancy shall occur in said board it shall be filled from the congregation in regular attendance at easi house of vorship, by election, by a majority of the famining members of said board and by confirmation agreeable to the laws of West Virginia.

by our evengeliant minister or properly authorized laymen as a place of corsele by regular appointment, the particular hours for which shall be exchanged by the president of the Board, and the party so lividing the time as to give all denominations containsting toward the erection of said house, proportionally.

equal ecclesisastical priviledges therein, provided no appointment for preaching or meeting shall be thrown forward more than six vecks from the day it is announced, and not more than one appointment announced at one time for said house for any one denomination except for protracted meetings which shall occupy five days in succession if necessary. And provided further that the oldest appointment shall always hold good unless relinquisted by the party or his agent making it.

Any party wentingly or willingly violating any of the provisions herein contained so as to create disturbance to any extent shall forfeit his rights to use said house.

Said church shall be called union Chapel and shall be under the care as herein set fort of the tructees whom is expected such action on the premises as will promote the peace and quiet of the community, to have and to hold with all its appertinances, and with general warrenty.

The last deed given by Jacob beverage or. and his tile Bachel is deted April 28, 1890, and made to John A. Beverage, william B. Hannah, Thomas Auldridge, 1. W. Allen and Jacob M. Severage, trustees.

From - Deed Books

Hote-

Jacob beverage no doubt remlined there would be some difficulties arise over the use of a Union church, and this is no loubt the reason he set forth all of these provisions concerning the use of the church. It include the reason why there people got slong as well together.